TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

"Cleanliness
Is next to Godliness," and good soaps are the best missionaries. Our stock of soaps consists of the best varieties from the most noted makers.
C. E. JONES - - 36 Govt. St.
Always Open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1894. No. 270

A Pretty Clock

Is an ornamental and useful article to place on a mantel; it's something on which money cannot be wasted unless you pay too much for it; We are showing a big lot of Mantel Boudoir and Travelling Clocks at prices down to a living profit. We think it better to sell a lot at a living profit than a few at a high price.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
47 Government Street.

The Westside.

70 GOVERNMENT STREET. . . . . VICTORIA

Ladies who make purchases in our Cloak Department have the gratifying confidence and feeling that the Style is in strict accordance with the Fashionable and Refined Taste prevailing at the present time. Excellence of Style and Good Value is our motto.

HEINRICH DOWE, a German, invented a process that renders cloth bullet proof. So perfect is his invention that he has actually stood up dressed in a uniform of this wonderful cloth and been shot at without injury.

We do not claim that our Waterproof Ulsters with Golf Capes to be bullet proof, but we do claim that while porous they are impervious to rain, and that's what's wanted for months to come.

All our New Capes, Jackets, Rain and Waterproof Garments fit well, look well and give such satisfaction that customers are sure to come again. That's how our business has been built.

PRICES.—When you have compared prices you will find Spot Cash's quotations are the lowest in the city.

ISITWETENOUGHFORYOU?

If so, come and buy an Umbrella. Fifty dozen direct from the maker, just opened. A large assortment of Novelties in Ladies' Ivory, Plain and Mounted in Silver and Gold Plated. Prices range from 75 cents upward and satisfaction is guaranteed.

J HUTCHESON & CO.

C. H. STICKELS . . . .

ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,
But not express'd in fancy; rich not gaudy;
For the apparel oft' proclaims the man.
SHAKESPEARE.

OUR SPECIALTIES
....Large Complete Stock
....Staff of Competent Workmen
....High Class Work
....Artistic Excellence in every
....detail.

A. GREGG & SON,
....Tailors, Yates Street.

Preventive

In rainy weather dark and gloomy;
With the mud and water in the street,
You find your shoes with holes are roomy
And clammy dampness soaks your feet.

But coughs and colds can be prevented,
And in a way the world extols
An antidote is here presented—
Get a pair of good

.....Cork Soles..

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

WILL CONTROL THE HOUSE

Republicans Will Have a Large Majority Over All in the Next Congress.

San Francisco Municipal Administration Divided Among All Parties.

New York, Nov. 8.—The first step in the direction of reorganizing the Democratic party of the state will be taken in a few days, when a permanent bureau will be opened in this city. This will be in accordance with the wish of Senator Hill, who says that hereafter attention to details of party must be paid all the year round. Who will be in charge of the headquarters is not known, but it is said that it is not likely to be any of the gentlemen who have been identified with the old state machinery. The character of the work which will be done at the headquarters which will be opened in this city will have more to do with looking after the machinery of the party than with the actual work of the campaign. For instance, if a county

One Teaspoonful Every
Three Hours

LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE taken as above will cure a cold.
COCHRANE & MUNN,
Druggists, Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOUND—At Drill Hall last night. Ladies' Brooch. Owner can have same by applying to Times office. nov8-1t

LOST—On Fernwood road, between Yates and Pandora streets, a lady's black silk mitten. Finder will kindly return to this office. nov8-4t

TO BE LET or leased the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, in good running order; will shortly be vacant; a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora Avenue, City. n1-1m

FOR SALE—30 lots, situate on Cowan and Richmond avenues, Bank, Amphion and Hutton streets, in the healthiest part of the city; price $200 to $275; terms, five dollars down and five dollars per month, without interest. This is a rare chance whereby anyone may secure a building site for a small monthly payment. Apply to Morrow, Holland & Co., Times Building, Broad Street.

AUCTION

Monday, November 12th, at 11 a. m.

Salt Salmon in Kits and Barrels.

Under Seizure for Illegal Fishing.

I have been instructed by the agent of Marine and Fisheries Department to sell by auction at the Custom House, Wharf street, Victoria,

115 Kits of Salmon Bellies,
4 Half-Barrels of Salmon.

no8 G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

H. CUTHBERT & CO., AUCTIONEERS

We are favored with instructions from Mrs. T. A. Nicholle, to sell by auction at her residence

JUBILEE AVANUE,
Between Cadboro Bay Road and Oak Bay avenue

ON FRIDAY, NOV. 9th, at 1 p.m

the whole of her

MODERN FURNITURE

Comprising very handsome ebony cabinet inlaid with silver wire, ivory and pearl; pair of handsome Satsuma clay vases with Kioto decorations, pair fine Satsuma vases, walnut parlor set in tapestry and plush, very pretty bamboo ornament with large plate glass, 2 pairs fine vases, several choice specimens of Satsuma ware in basins, cups, vases and figures, pair of fine cloisonne urns, pair ditto vases, very handsome 6-fold Japanese silk screens in silver and gold, 2 smaller ditto in bedroom, exquisite carvings in wood, carved rosewood table, 2 pretty fire screens, bamboo table, very handsome Brussels carpet, inlaid easel, inlaid brackets, 2 oak rocking chairs, 2 large costly placques, 10 specimens of carved ivory in figures, etc., 2 pairs of Bakemonos, 1 pair of large terra cotta vases (2 feet 6 inches high) pair of inga vases, 2 pairs of lace curtains, solid oak sideboard with plate glass back, Vienna clock, 6 walnut cane-seat chairs, 36 yards linoleum, 12 yards oilcloth, 2 umbrella spths, hissing stove, 2 bamboo blinds, 1 doz. dessert plates, oak bed set, ash bed set, 2 ash bedsteads, clipper mattresses, toilet services, 35 yards tapestry carpet, 3 quilted silk bed covers, fire guard (brass mounted), Albion cook stove with hot water connections, and the usual kitchen and household requisites. Terms spot cash.

As Mrs. Nicholle intends sailing by the Empress on Monday it is absolutely necessary that immediate possession be taken and cash paid on day of sale. The art portion of these furnishings were all imported by Mr. Nicholle, who is one of the largest buyers and best judges of these goods in the world. Please note time of sale is one hour earlier than usual.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
no 8 Leading Auctioneers.

commented on the fact that in the strongholds of New York, Troy, Brooklyn and Buffalo, where members of the old machine that has fattened on the party live, Hill fared worse than anywhere else.

At a rough calculation, $500,000 hung in the balance in the tenderloin district on the election results. "Al" Adams, who with "Tobe" Wall controlled the market and planted more money on Morton and Strong than any other individual—he bet over $175,000—represented a big syndicate of wealthy Republicans. His largest bet in a lump sum was $25,000 to $20,000 with the Tammany bookmaker, Jerry Mahoney, that Morton would have a plurality of 30,000. Another good winner was Gottfried Walbaum, who bet $10,000 even that Morton would have 30,000 plurality, $5,000 that he would have 50,000 plurality, and $15,000 to $5,000 that he would have 25,000 plurality. Peter Delacy is nearly $40,000 to the good if the amendment against gambling is declared supported. On the losing side money failed to be forthcoming in the heavy chunks it did on the Republican side, and consequently the losses were widely distributed. "Jerry" Mahoney, Tammany's chief commissioner, invested nearly $50,000 on Hill and Grant. "Jake" Shipsey, another bookmaker closely allied with Tammany, launched $25,000 into the general fund, while Charlie Heineman, Orlando Jones Henry Stedeker and Mattie Corbett all executed losing commissions for substantial sums. Of the non-professional element, Dr. "Gid" Knapp was probably the heaviest winner, as he laid in various bets of $30,000 to $25,000 that Morton would have a plurality of 30,000. This sum was divided among a Delmonico coterie, including Sergeant Cram, "Smiting" John Kelly and Jack Macdonald.

The Sun says President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, sent the following telegram to President Cleveland yesterday:

"Without much concert of effort by organized labor the people have answered at the polls your assumption of unconstitutional and unwarrantable use of the military power to crush labor. Although the changes may benefit us little, the rebuke will nevertheless be appreciated and remembered."

New York, Nov. 8.—The Sun's Washington special says: "Betting men have been discussing the clever ruse by which Michael F. Dwyer, the turf man and plunger, misled the hosts of speculators and won a fortune on the election of Levi P. Morton as governor of New York. For three weeks past it has been announced daily both in New York and Washington that Mr. Dwyer was anxious to wager $50,000 or upwards at odds of 1 to 2 that David B. Hill would be the next governor of New York state. Yesterday evening when the election returns came in showing that Hill had been overwhelmingly beaten much sympathy was expressed for Dwyer, whose season on the turf had been the most disastrous he had ever encountered and his losses on the election were footed up to reach at least $50,000. It was learned beyond the shadow of a doubt that Mr. Dwyer not only won on the election, but that his gains will foot up to fully $80,000. All the money placed on Morton by "Tobe" Wall and the Pinkertons and by three or four Wall street men was his, and the Wall street syndicate who took the Morton end of the bets at almost any odds was none other than Dwyer, who was backed by a well known New York Republican. It is not known whether Mr. Dwyer had any partners in the deal, but as Mr. Croker had half of his wager on Cleveland in 1892, and as the men are the firmest friends and practically partners in the racing business, it is only natural to infer that the one time leader of Tammany had a portion of the risk.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 8.—Of 291 Democrats in the present house 146 will not return. Of this number 61 failed to receive nomination or were not candidates and the remaining 85 were defeated at the polls. The latest returns show that the Republican representation in the next house will be exactly 250, a majority over all of 144... Only two Populists were elected in the west.

London, Nov. 8.—The Pall Mall Gazette, commenting on the elections in the United States, says the failure of the Democrats is due to the action of the senate on the tariff question, but, the Gazette adds, the country has been carried away by its general and indiscriminating indignation.

Carson, Nev., Nov. 8.—The complete count in Ormsby county gives the Republicans a small majority for nearly every office on the state and county tickets the silver party getting the lieut.-governor and university regent on the state ticket, sheriff, assessor, auditor, recorder and district attorney on the county ticket.

Woodland, Cal., Nov. 6.—Harry Knox, leader of the strikers, has been overwhelmingly beaten for sheriff of Yolo county. The vote stands: Griffin, Democrat, 1548; Wyckoff, Republican, 1491; Knox, Populist, 364. There is as yet one precinct to hear from, but the vote there is so small that it will not materially change the figures.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 8.—With one town to hear from Greenhalge, Republican, for governor, has a plurality of 64,161.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 8.—The indications are that Holcombe, the Populist-Democrat candidate, is elected governor by a small majority. The Republicans carried everything else.

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—One of the results of the election of Mr. Budd will be the appointment of a state harbor commissioner in place of S. F. Chadbourne. The latter was appointed by Governor Markham after the senate adjourned and his nomination has therefore never been confirmed.

The count in this city shows that the following candidates have been elected: Mayor—Adolph Sutro, Populist; assessor—J. D. Sieber, non-partizan; tax collector—J. N. Block, Democrat; treasurer—J. H. Widber, Republican; district attorney—W. S. Barnes, Republican; coroner—William J. Hawkins, Republican; public administrator—A. C. Freese, Democrat; superintendent of streets—Thomas Ashworth, Democrat; school superintendent—A. J. Moulder, Democrat. The vote for the shrievalty is close, with Wheelan, Democrat, in the lead. Republicans elect a majority of the board of supervisors.

Thirteen hundred and twenty-five precincts in California out of 2267 give for governor, Estee, Republican, 80,555; Budd, Democrat, 83,960. Budd's plurality is 3405. His plurality in this city is 11,226, while Estee's plurality in the 1032 precincts outside of San Francisco, which has been heard from, is 7821. There are still 949 precincts to hear from and it is probable that Budd's net plurality of 3405 as it stands at present will be reduced by from one to two thousand when the returns are all in.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 8.—The delegation to congress from this state will be ten Republicans to five Democrats. The election of one of the latter is in doubt.

New York, Nov. 8.—Official returns from 55 counties and practically complete returns from five other counties, place Morton's plurality for governor at 148,900.

Nashville, Nov. 8.—Returns are more encouraging to the Democrats and it now looks as if Governor Turner will be re-elected by a small majority.

Indianapolis, Nov. 8.—Returns from all parts of the state bear out our forecast of yesterday that the Republicans have captured the state by 40,000.

FUNERAL PREPARATIONS.

The Remains of the Dead Czar on the Way to St. Petersburg.

Large Amount of Money to be Voted for a Monument to His Memory.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 8.—Solemn religious services over the remains of the late czar were held yesterday in the church at Livadia. The emperor, czarina, Prince and Princess of Wales and representatives of the foreign powers attended. The emperor was deeply affected. At the conclusion of the services the populace was allowed to enter and take a farewell look at the dead czar. The remains were removed to Sebastopol to-day. The funeral cortege was very impressive. A large body of the guards participated in the procession and walked from Livadia to Yalta, where the body was placed on the cruiser Pamiat Merkooria for transportation to Sebastopol. At Yalta prayers were offered for the repose of the soul and a salute fired.

Preparations for the funeral are proceeding rapidly. Services will be held in the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul. The tomb selected as the final resting-place of the czar's body adjoins that of Alexander II. The cathedral contains the bodies of all the Russian emperors who have reigned since Peter the Great.

The municipal council to-day voted an unlimited credit for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the reception here to Emperor Nicholas and the funeral of the late czar and also for the election of a monument to the dead czar. Seven thousand pounds have been subscribed for the purpose of giving a dinner to the poor of Kharkoff the day the czar's body passes through the city.

A BURIED TREASURE.

Unearthed at St. Augustine by a Party of Strangers.

St. Augustine, Fla., Nov. 8.—A foreign rigged sloop was sighted off this coast about sunset on Sunday night last, and twice since then she has come into the harbor and some of her crew have come ashore for a few minutes. They were Spaniards apparently, but they spoke to nobody. Yesterday morning just about daybreak ten of them came ashore with picks, shovels and crowbars and dug up a chest supposed to be filled with treasures on the old Christoval property, bounded by Hospital, Charlotte, Brave and Bridge streets. Mrs. Reddick, who lives on the premises, not knowing what the men were doing, appeared with a shot gun and drove them off, but not until they had loaded the box requiring several men to carry it into a vehicle. No trace of the men, who were under an old grey-bearded man could be found. Nothing but the hole, some old pottery, an iron hook and one silver coin was left by them. The sloop left for the south without communicating with anyone. It is supposed to have carried the party to Santo Domingo, as the heirs of the original owner of the property, Davine, lives there. A magnolia tree planted by the mother of Mrs. General Black, 70 years ago, was taken for the bearings to the spot of the buried treasure. All their measurements before they began digging were taken from this tree.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

THE EASTERN WAR.

Britain Has Sent an Ultimatum Demanding Settlement of Chung King Affair.

Sydney Passengers Arrested for Complicity in a Plot Against Japan.

Shanghai, Nov. 7.—The British officials have sent in an ultimatum to the viceroy, demanding settlement of the Chung King affair within seven days. The British demands are that the Taotai Shung be dismissed and degraded and the Chung King is to be saluted with twenty-one guns. If these demands are not complied with within the specified time reprisals upon the part of the British fleet are threatened. On August 4 a Tientsin dispatch announced that thirteen Japanese soldiers who had been forcibly removed by the Chinese from the British steamship Chung King were returned immediately upon Viceroy Li Hung Chang being notified. It was added that the viceroy apologized to the British consul. On August 7, however, a dispatch from Shanghai announced the arrival there of the steamship Chung King, and the captain of that vessel furnished his version of the affair, which gave it a serious aspect. The captain said that while his ship was at Tungkun, on the gulf of Pichili, the soldiers went on board for the purpose of seizing Japanese passengers. They found on board that steamship sixty Japanese, mostly women and children, and at once began to hunt them down. The Chinese pursued the Japanese all over the vessel, bound them hand and foot and flung them over on the wharf. Li Hung Chang eventually, upon the protest of the British consul, commanded the Japanese to be returned on board the Chung King, and ordered the Chinese soldiers who made the raid to be severely punished.

London, Nov. 7.—The Chinese loan subscription list was closed in London at 11 a. m. to-day, instead of 4 p. m., as had been intended. The whole amount of the loan was taken up in London alone. The excess of applications over the requirements will not be known until the amounts applied for in Hamburg, Amsterdam, Hong Kong and Shanghai have been announced.

Washington, Nov. 7.—A United Press dispatch from Yokohama, published this morning, states that two Americans and one Chinese passenger on board the steamer Sydney were arrested by the Japanese authorities at Kobe a few days ago, after which the steamer was permitted to continue on her voyage. Behind this simple statement lies a story of the China-Japan war which is full of dramatic interest. About six weeks ago the report was circulated in diplomatic circles here that Mr. Moore, one of the members of the Chinese legation, had been recalled by the home government. It was said that he had been ordered back in disgrace, and his friends were profuse in their expressions of sympathy. It was noticeable, however, that Mr. Moore bore his ill fortune well, but by many it was feared that his return to his native country would be followed by his speedy decapitation. It now appears the supposed recall was not in any sense a recall, but Mr. Moore was returning to China in pursuance of a clever scheme which had for its purpose the destruction by dynamite and torpedoes of the Japanese fleet now in Chinese waters. Mr. Moore is the Chinaman referred to in the foregoing dispatch, and his associates are John Wild, an inventor, of Providence, R. I., and a Mr. Cameron, a Scotchman, who was employed for a time as a workman in the Hotchkiss torpedo manufactory, also at Providence. Messrs. Wild and Cameron had, it appeared, satisfied the Chinese government of their ability to successfully destroy the Japanese vessels, and Mr. Moore was instructed by the Pekin government to conduct them to Shanghai. They travelled to San Francisco, and thence to Yokohama, under assumed names, Mr. Wild being known as Howie and Mr. Cameron as Courtney.

The Japanese government, through sources which they decline to reveal, learned of the plot, and when the trio sailed from Yokohama they were arrested en route at Kobe, a Japanese seaport. Particulars of their arrest are contained in a cable dated at Hiroshima, the headquarters of the Japanese army and navy, yesterday, and, which was received at the legation this morning. The dispatch is as follows:

"A Chinese official with two foreigners, an Englishman and an American, were arrested at Yokohama a few days since on the steamer Gaelic. All were under assumed names. The foreigners were suspected of entering into an agreement through Chinese officials with the Chinese government for the purpose of engaging in a war with Japan. They landed at Yokohama and took passage on board the steamer Sydney for China. The captain of a Japanese war vessel, the Sukuba, under orders from headquarters, exercised the right of visitation and searched on board the Sydney when she was in the harbor of Kobe, and found in their possession an agreement with the Chinese government to destroy the entire fleet of Japan within eight weeks by the use of torpedoes. Other official documents on the same subject were also found. In consequence the three were arrested and taken ashore and the ship released from detention."

It is understood that none of the trio will be punished by the Japanese government, but they will probably be held as prisoners of war indefinitely.

Much of the Berlin Kreuz Zeitung's account of an interview with Sir Halliday Macartney, councillor for the Chinese legation in London, in which he was represented as vigorously attacking Lord Rosebery's policy towards China and Japan, is repudiated by Sir Halliday himself. He disavows especially his alleged criticisms on Lord Rosebery's pacific advances, in which respect he says he was wholly misrepresented.

ARBITRATION CONFERENCE.

Eminent Speakers and Writers Intend to be Present.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—At a meeting to-day of the committee on arrangements for the forthcoming arbitration conference which will take place under the auspices of the Civic Federation, the secretary reported that nearly thirty eminent speakers and thinkers had notified the committee of their intention to address the conference. Among the number are Joseph D. Weeks, editor of the American Manufacturer and Iron Worker; M. M. Garland, president of the National Iron and Steel Workers; Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor; P. M. Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; F. P. Sargent, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen; Prof. Henry C. Adams, of the University of Michigan; Martin Fox, of the Iron Moulders' Union; Archbishop Ireland; Carroll D. Wright, United States labor commissioner; President W. H. Sargent, of the National Association of Builders; A. H. Walcott, of the Massachusetts Board of Arbitration; D. H. Ryan of the Ohio Board of Arbitration, and Professor E. A. H. Gould of John Hopkins University. Grand Master Sovereign and other prominent members of the Knights of Labor have written the committee that they will be unable to be present owing to the fact that the national assembly of the nights of Labor will be in session at New Orleans on the same date as that already fixed for the arbitration conference.

LONDON BAKEHOUSES.

New Regulations for Their Governance Requested.

London, Nov. 7.—As a result of the recent investigation into the sanitary conditions of the bakehouses of the metropolis, a committee of prominent citizens has submitted to the London county council a petition asking for a number of amendments as relating to baking establishments. The resolutions suggest that uniform metropolitan laws regulating bakeries be made by the London county council, and that the duty of enforcing these laws shall devolve upon the various local sanitary authorities; that such law shall govern the regulation of the conduct of the business, the structure of the premises, and the mode in which application is to be made for sanction to establish new bakeries in the city of London; that it be rendered an offense to occupy as a bakehouse any cellar or place almost or altogether below the level of the street; that all metropolitan bakehouses be regularly licensed and that the granting of the licenses be vested in the London county council. It is thought that the adoption of these measures would prove of untold benefit to the community, especially among the poorer classes.

THE LATE CZAR'S STRENGTH.

He Was a Regular Samson, But He Couldn't Catch Fish.

The Rochester Democrat and Chronicle says that Chistian Petersen, a Dane, now living at Wolcott, N. Y., was, until recently, a member of the King of Denmark's body guard. Petersen is a young fellow, about 25 years of age, and is a splendid specimen of physical manhood.

Early this summer the Czar of Russia, the Prince of Wales and other high mightinesses came to spend the summer with the King of Denmark. It fell to Petersen's lot to be detailed on the Czar's guard, and they escorted that imperial personage wherever he went. In May it became his whim to go fishing daily each afternoon on a small lake near the royal castle. The Czar asked the officer in charge of his guard to select a competent oarsman to row him about. In respond to the latter's question as to who among the men understood the management of a boat, six soldiers stepped from the ranks. The Czar looked them over and selected Petersen. Thereafter, for about a fortnight, his only duty was to man the boat from 3 to 5 p.m. each day and row the Czar about. The latter, Petersen says, caught very few fish, being too nervous to become an expert angler. Yet it could not have been through fear of nihilists or other evil-disposed persons, for whenever he was about the lake was surrounded by 10,000 soldiers, who spread out in a thin line clear around the sheet, allowing no outsider even to approach the shore. Petersen describes the Czar as a huge, handsome man, very pleasent to all who come in contact with him, and of prodigious strength. He weighed nearly 300 pounds, was 6 feet 4 inches tall, and without an ounce of superfluous fat. On one accasion this spring he gave a public exhibition of his enormous strength. He was complaining of the quality of metal a certain contractor had supplied for the bayonets used in his army, when the captain of the guard ventured to suggest that the sword bayonet used by his men was of the finest quality of Norwegian steel.

"I think not," said the Czar. "I will wager you 50 francs that you have been cheated like all the rest of us."

"I will take that wager," said the officer, with a satisfied smile. In the instant the Czar called one of the soldiers to him and, removing the bayonet from the latter's gun, took it between thumb and fingers of each hand. Then, standing erect, and apparently with scarcely an effort, he broke the tough steel in two peices.

Petersen explained this was merely a whimsical exhibition of great strength, and no reflection on the quality of the metal, which could not be surpassed. But the soldiers of the garrison subsequently tried to emulate the feat, selecting some of their strongest men for the trial, but were unable to break the bayonet.

WHERE THE CZAR DIED.

The Castle of Livadia and Its Surroundings.

No place in the world, probably, has been on the tongues of so many people recently as Livadia, where the Emperor of Russia died. It stands on the eastern undercliff of the Crimea, one of the most delightful spots in Russia. The country about it is a favorite resort of the Russian aristocracy, and has been for years. It has often been called the Russian Riviera or the Russian Italy, as the climatic conditions are similar. Near by is Yalta, the Muscovite rival of Cannes, the chief place in a way in Crimea, which the Russian poets have always called the Jewel of Russia. Its beauties inspired Pushkin to some of his best verse.

Parts of the country resemble, too, the land of the Hellenes. It has the same cliff-bound coast, and the cloister of St. George stands on the summit of a high mountain, like the cloister of Athos.

It was Czar Nicholas who first appreciated the beauties of the Crimea and decided to develop it. But Alexander II and his successor, brought it to its present perfection, especially by the care bestowed upon Livadia, where they lived for a time each year.

Yalta, now so well known, was composed only of a few huts when the czar purchased the castle of Livadia and remodelled it to suit his taste. Between Yalta and the castle there are a number of fine estates, reached by beautiful tree-lined drives. Among them is Orlanda, the property of the Grand Duchess Constantine, whose house is in the midst of a grove of oaks. Then there is Aloupka, the most beautiful place in all the district, which was once built by Prince Woronzoff and contains no fewer than 200 rooms.

The domain of Livadia lies west of Yalto, within a short drive, the road leading to it winding between the abrupt hill of Al Perti on the right and the sea on the left. Vineyards, olive groves, plantations of fig trees and pomegranates of brilliant flower gardens fringe the way. There are two palaces on the estate, or rather, two villas, for they can hardly be dignified with the more high-sounding name. One of them was built by the czar's father, and is kept to-day just as it was in Nicholas' time. The last emperor built a low, two-storied rambling structure which impresses one as a comfortable place to live in. It would be hard to classify it architecturally. Around it are parks or gardens, laid out in English fashion, with rows of Marechal Niel and other roses, the favorite flower of the empress, and sculptured stone brought from classic parts. Further off are orchards and vineyards which yield excellent wine, which goes to fill the imperial cellar.

The interior of this now famous palace is simply furnished and suggests rather the ownership of a well-to-do merchant than the ruler of a great country. The rooms are small, but they are furnished with taste, the ornaments having been purchased, for the most part, by the czarina, whose judgment in this regard is excellent. On the walls, however, are the masterpieces of the most famous Russian artists.

This simple house, however, promises to become a future Mecca of patriotic Russians.—New York Tribune.

Duke of Cambridge Scotch Whisky is always chosen for the Great Masonic Banquet in London.

ADAMS'

TUTTI FRUTTI

AN ABSOLUTE CURE

—FOR—

INDIGESTION

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Take no worthless imitation. See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" IS ON EACH 5 CENT PACKAGE

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DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

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STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

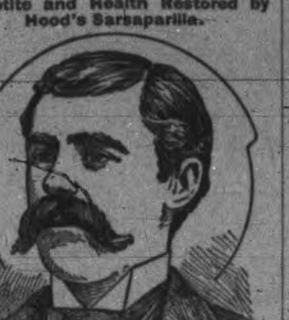
The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back

Appetite and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.



Mr. Chas. Steele

St. Catherine's, Ont.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and

I Feel Like a New Man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever I did, and enjoy perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla." CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.

83 Douglas St.

SOME REAL BARGAINS!

We have bought a manufacturer's lot of Sample Umbrellas at a discount of 30 per cent. so we can sell you cheap Umbrellas.

... ALSO ...

A manufacturer's lot of sample carpets. We can give you pieces of Carpet worth $1.50 for 50c.

A Complete Stock in Every Department at Reasonable Prices.

J. Horner & Co.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 30,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed 2c stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY. Detroit, Mich.

GROCERIES.

DON'T.. FORGET

We import direct, do business under small expense and sell at Rock Bottom Figures.

Always on hand a large and well selected stock of Flour, Bran, Shorts, Chops, Wheat and Rolled Barley. Give us a call at 261 Douglas Street.

JOHNS BROS

Cash Grocery

Frisco Saloon Pilot Bread
Lunch Biscuits
Boston Biscuits
Penny Ginger Bread
High Tea
Daisy
Lemon
Scotch Short Bread

R. H. JAMESON,

Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive Express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.
18 Trounce Avenue.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Read This

List and compare it with others, you will then find the advantage in price and terms of calling on

LEE & FRASER,

11 Trounce Avenue

15 acres, good land, near city, dwelling, outbuildings and fine orchard, 12 acres cleared; price, $2700.
3 acres Ross Bay, all improved, with dwelling for $2500.
1 corner lot, Dudley avenue; price, $300, easy terms.
1 lot Fernwood road, good location for building; only $475.
1 lot, Edward street, 60x132; planted in fruit trees; $650.
Also good list of farms from $25 to $100 per acre.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

INDIAN PROVERBS.

IV.

Men are all fatalists in the sense of believing that what is to be will be, but whereas the Asiatic thinks that what is to be depends entirely on the decrees of fate, we more utilitarian beings of the western world would think that what is to be depends very much on ourselves. Perhaps it is this excessive utilitarianism which keeps the ordinary European and American from going back a step or two to look at things from the native point of view. For the native will argue that what is to be, certainly as you say, depends on what you are—your behavior, intelligence, common sense, energy, perseverance—all depend in the same way upon fate. The individual is, in fact, part of a huge machine that is worked by some unseen iron hand. Yet to speak of fate as a machine seems somewhat inappropriate; it savors too much of modern civilization. The Eastern figure used to describe it is that of a mysterious writing:—

"The moving finger writes; and having writ, moves on; nor all your piety nor wit shall lure it back to cancel half a line, nor all your tears wash out a word of it."

Here in one verse the misty doctrine of fate is reduced, as far as may be, to tangible shape—the shape it assumes in India, and I believe in Persia. There is a proverb—"What Bramha has written on the forehead will never fail." For it is "Bramha" who is believed to be the author of fate, and "Satoi," personified as "Miss Fortune," it is who weaves the web of fate. "Who can push aside the writing of Bramha or the letters of Satoi?" is a saying in which the two are referred to. And this writing, inexorable and unchangeable, like the laws of the Medes and Persians which altered not, is impressed unseen in man's forehead. Hence the advice—"We shall bear what is on the forehead"; and, another very sensible proverb, "By rubbing one forehead against another, good fortune will not come." Only life's bad things, measles and similar disorders are contagious: no amount of rubbing foreheads together will bring good luck or alter the decrees of what Milton calls "fate, fixed fate": the writing is indelible. How many English writers have spoken of fate? Not many of them attach to the word the extreme meaning it holds in Asia; but to express that what is to be is inevitable: the word fate was and is frequently used. For instance, Young in his "Night Thoughts," speaks of "the chamber where the good man meets his fate." James Shirley, another writer, speaks of it thus:

"The moving finger writes; and having writ,
Moves on: nor all your piety and wit
Shall lure it back to cancel half a line."

Nor have any English authors quite caught the idea of the figure of a writing that the true Asiatic holds of it. Samuel Johnson, in his usual sonorous language, says—

"There is no armour against fate;
Death lays his icy hand on kings."

Pope has nearly, but not quite, hit the figure in a line in the "Essay on Man":

"Must helpless man, in ignorance sedate,
Roll darkling down the torrents of his fate?"

yet the decrees of the writing are not collected in a book: they are traced by an unseen finger on the forehead of the individual. Nor can they be deciphered by the writing that spoilt the harmony of Belshazzar's feast; the writing is invisible, none may see nor interpret it. "The writing of fate," say the Hindoos, "is inevitable and unavoidable."

Many general sayings are prevalent in Western India that may be said to be of almost universal belief. Such as the following:—"Whatever is destined will happen"; "As a man's fate, so will it happen to him"; "The ways of destiny are hidden, what is to be will not fail to be." These are perfectly safe statements, which belong to that class of beliefs that cannot be proved nor disproved. When a man slips and breaks his leg, it is easy enough to say the event was destined and, therefore, happened. So it is easy to say that cholera was destined to break out when, at some hot, overcrowded pilgrimage, people were quenching their thirst with putrid water; but in the latter case it is not necessary to explain that "the ways of destiny are hidden." The doctrine of "whatever is destined will happen" is really but a half belief, a theory that influences men's conduct to a considerable extent it is true, but one that is not carried out in practice. No amount of argument can make it logical, while if pushed a little, either one way or the other, it becomes a reductio ad absurdum. There is a story told of a reverend missionary whose western logic failed to convince a fatalist opponent and the crowd of admirers who surrounded him. A happy thought occurred to the good man to illustrate the dark doings of fate. He politely asked his opponent for his umbrella, and, when it was given him, tucked it under his arm, gravely bowed, and began to walk away. His opponent looked, and the crowd looked, and they followed to see what this meant. After going a short distance the thought that he was going to lose his umbrella, urged the owner forward to explain that he really could not spare it, and though extremely sorry he must ask for it back again. Then this simple preacher answered, "True it is my friend that the ways of fate are mysterious; but it is destined, as you see I am to take your umbrella; do not call out against fate, but rather let us cheerfully bear whatever it sends!" This, as a theory, is plausible, but put into practice is intolerable, so the man made a stand and got back his umbrella, but the crowd smiled sweetly on him as he went away. From which it is evident that, however much men theorize about fate, they find the exercise of free will necessary in daily life.

According to the native view the decrees of fate are inevitable: man may do his utmost to escape from them, but will never succeed. "No one can turn aside the course of fate:" "Whatever a man receives, he receives by fate," are common sayings. It is also said that—"Man will go with his own feet where death is." This latter saying owes its origin to a story, and it may be mentioned, some of these old folk tales must not be read too critically. What if the man in the story did cut off his feet and, therefore, could not go "with his own feet" where death was—the discrepancy is trivial. This is the story:—"There was once a Brahmin, very fearful of death, who asked the doctors how he could avoid it. They said that disease brought it, and that disease was chiefly caused by water. He thereupon decided not to drink the water of the town where he lived, but to go daily to a clear sparkling brooklet a few miles away for all that he used. One day while there the angel death appeared to him, and he was greatly afraid. But Death said—"Do not fear I have not come for you." Reassured, he ventured to ask that he might be told where he should die; and the answer was there, where he stood, he would die. Seized with horror of the place, and in order to avoid such a fate, he rushed back to the town, sold all he had, and moved a long way off. Then lest he should be tempted at any time to return, he did not burn his boats behind him, but he did something even more effective, he cut off both his feet as the surest means of preventing him ever going to that fatal spot again. Now it so happened that this good man was passionately fond of riding, and one day, seeing some men trying a beautiful Arab horse, he longed to ride him. By dint of much persuasion he persuaded them to lift him on, and lest, being feetless, he should slip off, he got them to tie his legs together under the horse. Starting off with keen delight he lost all control over the animal, and alas! for the vanity of human arrangements, the horse running away with him, carried him to the very spot where Death had decreed his end, and there falling with him, he died."

In Hindoo theology there is not much acceptance for the truth that the sins of the fathers are visited on the children; their evil plight arises, it is thought, from conduct in a previous life or in a previous cycle of lives. The crop then sown is reaped now, and parents get a grain or two of comfort by considering themselves free from responsibility in the matter. "Parents are connected with our birth but not with our fate," is a saying illustrating this. A man will point to his reprobate offspring and blissfully ignorant of any knowledge of heredity will say—"I am the cause of his birth but not of his fate."

HEDLEY H. BAILEY.

TRADE CONGRESS.

An Important Gathering at New Orleans This Month.

New Orleans, Nov. 7.—A committee of prominent citizens is actively engaged in making preparations for the reception and entertainment of the delegates to the South and West trade congress which will meet in this city during the present month. The convention will be held under the auspices of the New Orleans board of trade, and present indications are that it will be one of the greatest gatherings of the kind ever held in this country. The convention will be in session for two or three days, during which time numerous papers will be read on topics treating of the growth, improvement and development of the southern and western states. Invitations have been sent to 450 commercial bodies, financial organizations and railroad officials asking them to attend the congress. Letters have been received from the commercial clubs of Wichita, Kansas City, Alton, Ill., Waco, Mobile, Galveston, Memphis, Charleston, Vicksburg and other cities, promising to send delegates and to do their utmost to make the congress a success. At the final meeting of the general committee to-day arrangements were made for an excursion of the delegates and their ladies to neighboring sugar plantations.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully

Dentists' Notice.

We, the undersigned dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices on Saturday afternoons after one o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. E. Verrinder, D. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Findley & Baker, S. G. Clemence, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, S. M. Hartman, H. P. Moody. n3-1m

Just arrived, first car of new season's curing Griffin's Celebrated Winnipeg Meats.

EASTERN PORK AND PROVISION STORE.

13 & 14 City Market, opposite Broad St. Also, fifty small tubs Fall Creamery and Choice Dairy Butter. oc25-1mo

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 35 YEARS TEST Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. aug27

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

CALL AT

S. O'BRIEN'S SALOON

AND HAVE A BOTTLE O'

MOIGNEAUX ✠ EXTRA ✠ DRY

✠ ✠ 84 CHAMPAGNE ✠ ✠

THE FINEST GOODS IN THE MARKET.

SIR MORELL MACKENZIE, M. D.

COURT PHYSICIAN TO EMPEROR FREDERICK OF GERMANY.

The subject of this sketch is better known, no doubt, to the world at large than any other member of the medical profession. Among the many noted physicians of the Old World perhaps there is not one whose opinion on nervous affections is more highly regarded. He says: 'I have much pleasure in stating that I have used the "Vin Mariani" (Mariani wine) for many years, and I consider it a valuable stimulant.' 'Vin Mariani' is a tonic containing the medicinal properties of two ounces of fresh, selected coca leaves, equal to thirty grains to a wine-glassful; and is the greatest invigorator of body and brain known to the present generation. No other remedy has ever drawn forth such strong expressions of approval from so many celebrated people from all parts of the world. If you will send a stamp to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian agents for 'Vin Mariani,' you will receive a little album of celebrities, who have testified to the excellence of 'Vin Mariani,' free of charge.

AMUSEMENTS.

Under the Patronage of Lieut.-Gov. and Mrs. Dewdney.

THE

Meeting of the Nations

in aid of the Orphans' Homes of the city, in A.O.U.W. HALL, Yates street,

Wednesday, November 14,

at 8 p.m.

National Airs! National Costumes!

"Prison Scene" and Grand Duett from "Il Trovatore." Violin and piano solos, etc. Tickets, 50c., two children admitted on one ticket. W. Edgar Buck, Director. 7-6t

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials.

FINE STAGE,
LARGE GALLERY,
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF,
PROPERLY VENTILATED,
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

Open for engagements after 5th October next. ALSO TWO LARGE LODGE ROOMS.

Apply to G. Leiser, R. T. Williams, J. D. Warren, Hall Committee.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,
EWEN MORRISON.
Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

JUST ARRIVED AT

Weiler Bros.

All Wool Art Squares,
(VARIOUS SIZES.)

Linen Crumb Cloths.
(These will save your Carpets during the Winter.

Skin Rugs,
WHITE, GREY AND BLACK.
These Rugs are very cheap and suitable for any room

WEILER BROS.

DOCTORS DIFFER

Occasionally, but never on the question of

"HEALTH BRAND"

Combinations being absolutely the best thing for women and children to wear.

Every first-class dry goods house keeps them. Look for the word "Health" on silk label at neck.

Buy no imitations.

THE MONTREAL SILK MILLS CO., Ltd., MONTREAL.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jewellier,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Re Estate of Peter Gerard, Deceased.

All persons having claims against Peter Gerard, late of the city of Victoria, deceased, are hereby required to send or deliver to the undersigned full particulars of their claims on or before the 7th day of December, 1894, after which date the executors will distribute the assets of the testator, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

H. G. HALL,
12 Bastion Square, Victoria.
Solicitor for the Executors.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 7th, 1894. n7-1m

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Henry Harris of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1894.
n7-1m J. COIGDARRIPE.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Jean Coigdarripe of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1894.
n7-1m CHAS. MURISET.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Carlo Bossi of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, situated at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, in the city of Victoria.

WILLIAM BAINES.
Victoria, B. C., November 7th, 1894.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 158. jn12-tf

LAWYERS

A. L. BELYEA,
Barrister and Solicitor.
Rooms 4 and 5, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 154.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Port street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 7758, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government st. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fitzgerald streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Tem. le, cor. Fort, Douglas and Fitzgerald streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
E. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street, on the first Friday of every month. All caledonians are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once of the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—Sewing by the day by a dressmaker just from Winnipeg; first class work promised. Miss Shepherd, 15 George street. n1-1m

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oc27-tf

FOR WAITING ON TABLES at balls, weddings, and private parties, or getting up suppers, making tea and coffee, etc., apply to Mrs. Blackmore, 113 Blanchard St., or Watson & Hall, 55 Yates St. o19-1m

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Boys as messengers. District Telegraph, 34 Fort street. n7-3t

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
fe12 s,m,tf&w 17]

Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

FOR SALE

MUST BE SOLD; leaving the country; an upright cabinet grand piano; one of the best American makers, Bush & Gerts. Address E. B., Times office. n7-3t

FOR SALE—A first class horse, harness and express wagon with cover; also buggy and harness. Stoneyard, corner Fort and Blanchard streets. nov5-3t

FOR SALE—Lot on Pine street, 60x150, also fronting on Belton avenue, cost $625, will be sold for $350. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. n3

FOR SALE—One share in Board of Trade Building Association; cost $100, will be sold for $60. Also shares in B.C. Fishery Co., cost $800, will be sold for $200. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. n3

MISCELLANEOUS

ASK YOUR GROCER or Telephone 241 for Paragon Safety Oil. o12

WE MANUFACTURE AND SELL the only genuine Cambridge Pork Sausage. No. 5 Victoria Market. nov2-6t

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

NOTICE.

Civil Service Examinations will be held in the City Hall, Victoria, B. C.
PRELIMINARY—Tuesday, 13th November, 9 a.m.
QUALIFYING—Wednesday, 14th November, 9 a.m.
J. CAMPBELL,
nov6-2t Examiner.

ADDRESSED BY
COUNTESS OF ABERDEEN

A meeting will be held in the VICTORIA THEATRE on

Thursday, November 8th,

When the Countess of Aberdeen will deliver an address on the National Council of Women of Canada.

ADMISSION FREE.

Seats can be reserved at Jamieson's book store for 50 and 25 cents. Chair taken at 8.

The Daily Times.

TUESDAY'S RESULTS.

"General and indiscriminating indignation," as the Pall Mall Gazette says, seems to have been the main cause of the overturn in the United States politics. The body politic in the neighboring country is not apt to be nicely discriminating, and there is nothing surprising in its fatuous attribution of the hard times to the Democratic party, simply because that party happens to be in power. It would be arrant nonsense for any man to say that the new tariff is the cause of the depression, which had set in long before the new tariff was devised. It is also a well-established fact that within the past few weeks business has shown signs of decided improvement, but the change has not yet affected the great mass of the electorate, who therefore blindly visited their indignation on the heads of the men now in power. The action of the Americans on Tuesday was in fact exactly parallel with that of the Canadian majority in 1878, when they blindly and unreasonably blamed the Mackenzie government for a depression which Canada shared with all other countries. Besides the "hard times" feeling there were of course other factors at work on Tuesday. One very prominent was the anti-Tammany movement in New York. Mr. Gompers says the hostility of labor had something to do with the change, but there is a suspicion of "blind" about Mr. Gompers' utterances. It is quite likely that disgust with the action of the "sugar senators" had more influence on the election. Whatever the causes, the Republicans will gain control of both senate and house by their successes on Tuesday. What they will do with their power to remedy the evils they see or imagine, remains for time to show. Some reports state that Congressman Wilson, whose name was given to the tariff bill, was defeated in West Virginia. If this is true Americans should feel sorry, for Mr. Wilson is one of the best and ablest of their public men.

MISQUOTING BLUEBOOKS.

The Vancouver World objects to the B. C. board of trade's statements as to Victoria's revenue contributions in the address to the Governor-General, and it starts about the work of correction in a characteristic way. The board of trade may have inadvertently made a mistake in stating that Victoria stood third as a contributor to the customs and inland revenue. As a matter of fact this port did rank third in customs collections in the year 1891-92. But this point is of minor importance; the really material part of the board's statement is undoubtedly correct, namely, that the contributions from the people of this province are relatively higher than those from other provinces. The most peculiar part of the World's correction, however, lies in the following paragraph:

In the same volume (trade and navigation tables) at page 524 we find that the total exports from this province for 1891 was valued at $6,190,280, Vancouver's contribution being $2,779,373; Nanaimo, $2,506,809; Victoria, $311,500, and New Westminster, $401,490. The imports for the same period amounted to $5,477,411, leaving a balance in favor of the province of $712,869. The value of the imports entered at Vancouver was $3,545,044, and at Victoria $1,155,951, the balance being made up between Nanaimo and New Westminster. The duty returns show equally startling results. We find Vancouver credited with $928,678 and Victoria with $261,064. The total contributed amounted to $1,346,059, New Westminster and Nanaimo making up the balance. The returns as published for the year 1892 do not show much of a change in regard to the ports named. It is obvious to anyone that an error has been committed in regard to these, for we find that for 1893 Victoria's exports are said to have amounted to $2,054,105; Nanaimo's, $2,586,016; Vancouver's, $695,642, and New Westminster's, $305,890. In imports Victoria is credited with $3,182,733, and Vancouver $1,180,822. The duty contributed by Victoria was $788,676 and by Vancouver $280,323. Victorians thus have another grievance with the central government to settle as regards the returns for 1891-2. If they are correct as published Vancouver's supremacy as the commercial capital has been achieved much sooner than her citizens expected.

We do not suppose anyone who knows the World will be much surprised when he learns that it has deliberately transposed the figures for Victoria and Vancouver for 1891 and 1892—those for 1893 being correct. The returns as they appear in the Trade and Navigation tables are as follows:

1890-91.

	Exports.	Imports.	Duty.
Victoria	$2,770,373	$3,545,044	$928,678
Vancouver	511,509	1,155,951	261,064

1891-92.

Victoria	$3,037,428	3,639,483	$916,150
Vancouver	541,000	1,767,264	269,621

1892-93.

Victoria	$2,054,105	$3,182,105	$788,676
Vancouver	695,642	1,180,822	280,323

The World is uncharitable enough to accuse the board of trade with trying to mislead His Excellency in regard to Victoria's collection returns. What will it have to say of its own misquotations?

PROTECTION AND BIMETALLISM.

Protection, as previously pointed out, assumes many insidious forms, and the means by which the end of protection are sought to be attained are not at all confined to the imposition of tariffs. Re means by which the ends of protection is the exercise of the powers of government for the purpose of increasing the value of products in relation to other products—the conferring upon certain products an artificial value either by giving to monopoly the power to create a scarcity by restricting production or by the payment of bounties directly out of the public treasury. A form of protection which commends itself to certain speculative and privileged classes in England, and which in the United States has wrought incalculable mischief, is already beginning to find advocates in British Columbia. In Britain it is known as "bimetallism," in the United States as "free silver," in British Columbia, although its advocates have appeared, it has not yet secured what we would be justified in calling a "local habitation and a name." Bimetallists, as known in England, are those who wish to "remonetize silver," that is, to make silver as well as gold legal tender to any amount in the payment of debts. This they seek to effect by an agreement among the nations of the world for the "free and unlimited" coinage of silver at a fixed ratio with regard to gold. Differing as to what this ratio should be, they have mainly agitated for a return to the ratio of 15 1-2 of silver to 1 of gold, which was the standard existing in 1874 in the "Latin Union," composed of France, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland and Greece.

In the United States, in addition to advocating an international system of silver coinage, the free silver men directed their efforts to securing legislation designed to increase the value of silver mined in the United States. Legislation was secured compelling the government to purchase at a fixed valuation each month a given quantity of American silver bullion, to be held in the treasury, and against which silver certificates of an equal gold value were to be issued. The price of silver compared with gold has been since 1874 steadily declining, until it is now only about one-half the value of what it then was. This is due to two causes. First—the discovery that the supply of silver contained in the earth's surface is not only greater relatively to the gold supply, but that the disproportion is very much greater than was supposed by the best informed men at a later period than 1874. Second—to the establishing of the gold standard over the greater part of the commercial world and the prospect of its ultimately receiving universal recognition, and as a consequence the monopolization of gold and gold producing territory. But the success of the silver advocates in maintaining in India a silver currency and in the United States in creating a demand for silver by government purchase, thus stimulating the home production of silver and as a consequence inducing speculation and encouraging the efforts of monopoly to secure possession of the sources of production, while at first apparently increasing the value of silver, has in the end by diverting industry and capital from other channels to the production of silver, still further increased the supply of the white metal and the difference between its value and that of gold.

The bitter logic of events has at last convinced the American people of the folly of "protecting American silver" by the payment of bounties to silver producers in higher prices for silver than it is worth, with the idea that in this way they could create prosperity. They have come to see that to increase the value of silver in this way is to add to the value of silver lands and to put a premium on the monopoly of ownership, and that the purchasing clauses of the Sherman act of 1890 were simply an instrument to bleed the people of the United States to enrich the monopolists of silver production in Montana, Nevada and Colorado. And this is the object of the leaders of the "free silver" movement everywhere. Compelled in the United States to relinquish their power to rob by government purchase, they fall back upon the expedient of free coinage at a fixed valuation. Upon what this valuation should be they themselves differ. One section, recognizing the fall in silver, advocate the fixing of a ratio of 20 of silver to 1 of gold, at or about the present price of silver, but the ultra-protectionist section strive to keep the actual value of silver out of sight and to bring about a return to the ration of 16 to 1 and a restoration of the values of silver currency existing prior to 1874. In short, they propose that a law be enacted that Americans bringing silver to the mint may have it coined at public expense, and that a certain number of grains of silver of specified fineness, and now worth half a dollar, may be converted by the process into a coin which shall be legal tender for a dollar.

The Americans are to be induced to adopt this system of currency, half value and half fiat money, to increase by 50 per cent. the profits of the owners of raw silver, under the pretext that the "circulating medium" is not now of sufficient volume to do the business of the country. But the benefits of this arrangement could only be secured to American mine owners—in the absence of an international coinage law—by the imposition of a duty on foreign silver equal to the amount of difference between the silver contained in American coin and its face value. The effect of such a duty would become apparent in the price of goods. The American people would not call these silver dollars fifty cents, but the prices of goods would go up till it would take two of these dollars to buy a dollar's worth of goods. And this is exactly what is sought to be obtained by an international coinage agreement. As the value of the silver coin was raised so would be the price of goods, and though wages might be higher they would not have their purchasing power correspondingly increased, as the profits of dealers are estimated not on goods, but as percentages on the amount of money invested in them. In view of these facts, should we wonder that the bimetallist in British Columbia first crops up among the owners of mining lands or of agricultural lands in close proximity to them among our mountains? And is it not of the first necessity that against this most insidious and dangerous form of protection our workingmen should be anxiously on their guard? Let them look upon the condition of Colorado in the past year and raw their own conclusions.

INTRA MUROS.

CIVIC AFFAIRS.

To the Editor: I observe that the Colonist, with its usual ability to offer insult, declares that men acquainted with business matters do not take any part in the government of the city. Whom does the crabbed organ call business men, anyway? Has not Mr. R. P. Rithet been mayor of the city for one year, Hon. J. H. Turner for two years, C. H. Redfern, Esq., for one year and Judge Drake for one year? And have not Mr. Robert Ward, Hon. D. W. Higgins, Hon. B. W. Pearse, J. H. Todd, Joseph Hunter, E. Crow Baker and Thomas Earle, M.P., all served at the council board? Is that not sufficiently high-toned and commercially strong for the local growler? If there is one thing above another that gives me a tired feeling it is to see men who do not know a time check from a bill of exchange blabbing about the way to do business.

EX-COUNCILLOR.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco

This Pin Cushion
FREE
Is your grocer is out of them ask him to send for more.

This illustration represents a very attractive pocket pin cushion.
Ask your grocer for one.
CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

LETTER CARRIERS' SALARIES.

To the Editor:—Some surprise was expressed at the meeting yesterday afternoon at the figures quoted respecting the wages of the letter carriers in different parts of the Dominion; allow me to produce them again. They are to be found upon pages 82, 83, 84 of the estimates for the fiscal year ending June, 1894, and are published by the Dominion government:

	Postmaster.	No. of Carrier.	Gross Amt.	Average per mth.
Hamilton	$2,200	41	$21,110	$42.90
Kingston	2,000	11	5,900	44.70
London	2,200	31	17,450	46.80
Ottawa	2,600	42	21,020	41.70
Toronto	4,000	158	69,900	42.21
Montreal	4,000	100	50,850	42.37
Quebec	2,000	26	14,380	46.12
Fredericton	1,400	1	300	32.50
St. John	2,200	18	9,650	44.67
Halifax	2,400	20	11,420	47.58
Winnipeg	2,400	20	9,900	41.37
Victoria	2,000	7	2,730	32.50

I cannot explain the difference in the estimates and the amounts actually received by the men here: $32.50 as against $39 per month, but that the figures are correct, no one can possibly doubt. It appears by them that Victoria is specially singled out for discrimination, Fredericton alone sharing in the ignoming. This does not take into account the provisional allowance made to both Winnipeg and Victoria; if this is, however, added, the average rate of pay is still less in Victoria than in any other city in the Dominion, save only Fredericton.

W. MARCHANT.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

An Interesting Tax Case Comes Up in County Court.

Yesterday in the county court, before Mr. Justice Drake, an interesting tax case was tried. Moritz Guttmann is the agent here for Joseph Ulman of New York, a fur dealer in that city; the agent here purchases furs and sends them to the principal, who sells them in the east. The corporation are suing Mr. Guttmann for the $50 license to which traders are subjected. The defence set up is that only buying is not trading, the goods not being sold here, and say that a man should not be taxed because he purchases stuff here. Judgment was reserved. The case has already been tried in the police court, where the defendant won.

Miscellany.

The missionaries and others in the interior of Africa send harrowing tales of the miseries caused by the plague of sandflies, particularly in the province of Buniiako. Father Guillemme, a Catholic missionary, writes that people are brought to him constantly with the most painful wounds all over their bodies, but more particularly in the hands and feet. In some cases the flesh on the toes and feet is entirely eaten away and the bones are exposed. The insect, "Pulex Penetrans," burrows in the flesh, particularly under the finger and toe nails, and there lays its eggs. The wound immediately sets up an inflammation, which spreads rapidly, eating away the flesh. In many villages natives are to be found who have entirely lost the use of their limbs through being attacked by the fly "funza," as it is called by the Africans. The insect, it is said, was only introduced to Bante a few years ago by a ship from Brazil laden with sand, in which the "funzas" were buried. Since that time the insects have increased with alarming rapidity. Unfortunately, Father Guillemme writes, there appears to be no real cure for the evil.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

Copies of the Victoria Lacrosse Group

ARE NOW READY at Studio of Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—There was four inches of snow at Barkerville on the 2nd inst.

—Ladies' Puritan vests for 60 cents at the Lansdowne House, Yates St. *

—Cutlery, plated goods, China ornaments, etc., in abundance at Weiler's *

—Why cough, while Bronchial Balsam cures coughs and can be obtained at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street? *

—The members of the W. T. U. are holding a meeting this afternoon in Temperance hall. Mrs. Jenkins is leading the meeting.

—It is a fact that the B. & H. burners give th egreatest satisfaction. They are fitted to the "new line" of lamps just to hand. Weiler Bros. *

—The Trade Dollar saloon will be reopened with a new management. A temporary transfer has been granted to allow Philip Phillips to take over the business.

—The results of the law examinations were announced yesterday. S. F. Morley of Victoria and H. F. Edmonds passed their finals and A. N. Whiteside of Westminster the intermediate.

—The Ladies' Aid of Central Presbyterian church, James Bay, are arranging a grand concert for the 20th inst. It will be under the direction of Clement Rowlands and will be first-class in every respect.

—James O. Morse and Miss Ida Jane Lee, of Port Angeles, were married here yesterday. They came over on the steamer Evangel, were married by the Rev. W. L. Clay and returned home on the same steamer.

—The prayer meeting at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will commence at 7.30 this evening and conclude at 8 o'clock to permit members of the congregation to attend the lecture to be delivered by the Countess of Aberdeen.

—Before the fall you could get along somehow without a wrap, but now that the season is advanced a waterproof, Cape, ulster or jacket is a necessity. To-day you can get a very beautiful garment for very little money at Partridge's Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street, as he is going out of this line. He needs the room for his millinery department. *

—A statue of Captain Vancouver in bronze, which is to be placed on the new government buildings, is exhibited at Perry & Turner's store. One hand of the figure upholds the British flag and the other grasps a sword. The statue is seven feet high and was made by A. Cizek, who is employed by Perry & Turner. Two months have been consumed in making it.

—The following donations have been thankfully received by the inmates of the old men's home for the month of October: Tomatoes, A. J. Woodward; clothing, Miss Williams; boots and hat, Robert Ward; papers and magazines, Mrs. Wilson, J. Whitefield, Salvation Army, Lieut. E. P. Tompkinson, Miss McDowell, Noah Shakespeare; flowers and papers, junior Epworth League.

—Victoria lodge, No. 17, K. of P., gave a well attended dance at Castle hall, Broad street, last night. It was the first dance of the lodge for the winter, and the members and their friends were out in force. Professor Pferdner's orchestra supplied the music, which was very good. At midnight refreshments were served. The latter were arranged for by a competent committee and greatly added to the pleasure of the affair.

—The dates for the performance of the Victoria amateur minstrels have been changed from the 16th and 17th to the 21st and 22nd inst. Thanksgiving eve and Thanksgiving night. There was no Thanksgiving attraction at the theatre and nothing of a public nature billed for the eve or the day of the turkey festival. The show is going to be bright and sparkling, and the end men, although they were given their gags a week ago, are still laughing at them. In the first part a fine lot of ballads and comic songs will be given. The serpentine and skirt dances are making excellent progress, and will astonish the people, particularly the ladies. The cake walk is going to be another attractive feature. Reserve your Thanksgiving dates. Any one who goes to the show expecting to get some chestnuts with which to stuff their Thanksgiving turkey will be disappointed.

—The sewerage commissioners will meet again on Monday next.

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. *

—Seven yards of grey flannel for $1 at the Lansdowne House, Yates St. *

—Do you want to save a dollar? Then spend your money where you get the best value. Try Weiler Bros. *

—The prayer meeting at St. Andrew's church this evening will begin at 7.30 and close at 8 o'clock.

—A fine line of razor straps just arrived at Fox's, 78 Government street. Come and learn how to strop your razor. *

—When you want a good meal for 15 cents come to the Gem restaurant, next door to the Victoria hotel. Seats for ladies. *

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra clasp and other superior binding at R. T. Williams & Co.'s, 28 Broad street. *

—This morning, by express, Partridge, of the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, received from Montreal 36 new style shapes, including this season's very latest style ladies' walking hat. *

—The new church of St. Aidan, Cedar Hill, is nearing completion, and the dedication and formal opening has been set for the afternoon of the 18th inst. Rev. J. W. McMillan, B. A., of Vancouver, will preach the opening sermon. He is an eloquent speaker.

—The orchestra of the Victoria theatre will give a hop at A. O. U. W. hall, Yates street, to-night. The affair will be under the personal supervision of J. N. Finn, and admission will be by invitation only. Dancing will commence shortly after 8 o'clock, and will conclude about midnight.

—Some goods were stolen from a boat at Warren's wharf yesterday and the provincial police are at work on the case. The water front seems to be infested with petty thieves, and hardly a week goes by that something is not stolen. Any number of boats have been taken and some of the robberies have been very daring. There should be an organized effort to put a stop to the thieving.

—The steamship Mexico leaves for Alaska points to-morrow in place of the steamship Topeka, which is in the dry dock at San Francisco. The Mexico will call at Departure bay, where the passengers from here will board her.

—The investigation at the old men's home will very likely take place either on Saturday or Monday. The entire council will very likely be able to attend.

—Patrick Crowley was found last night drunk and with a revolver in his possession, and in the police court this morning was charged with carrying a concealed weapon. The story he told was interesting. He planned to go hunting—with the revolver—and had to take the weapon down town to get some cartridges to fit it. He got them, but never came back. When found the weapon was not loaded, but Patrick was. He was declared guilty and a fine of $5 imposed, in default of which he will serve ten days.

—A typographical error in last evening's report of the indignation meeting at the city hall made Rev. Mr. Cleaver allows the leter carriers to lay by nineteen dollars for clothing for each member of the family; it should have been ten dollars a year, as it would manifestly be impossible for the unfortunate men, no matter how thrifty they or their help-meets might be, to lay aside such a large sum from a "salary" of $20.10 a month, after defraying living expenses, even at the reverend gentleman's exceedingly "fine figuring."

—The case of Lee Chick, charged with threatening to kill Mrs. Ah How, was concluded in the police court this morning, and Magistrate Macrae bound the accused over to keep the peace for twelve months, with bonds fixed at $250, and if he breaks the truce it was directed that he be imprisoned for six months. Chick told some stories in his defence that broke all traditions and records of the court. He solemnly declared among other things that he did not know Ah How, had not seen her and did not know why he was there.

—It is understood that the "important police matter" for which Mayor Teague is to shortly call the council together deals with the social evil. Some of the occupants of the houses of ill-fame driven from St. Andrew's Presbyterian church have moved to View street and increased the already large number around the Catholic church, and the clergy of that church have written to the police commissioners pointing out the many objections to their presence there. The subject, as will already be understood, is a very difficult one to deal with, and it is hard to say just what will be done about it.

—Hon. George B. Martin, M. P. P., was this morning sworn in as chief commissioner of lands and works. The ceremony took place at Government House, and besides Mr. Martin and His Honor Lieut.-Governor Dewdney, Premier Davie was present. The oath was administered by the Lieut.-Governor, and Mr. Martin's name was recorded in the old book in use since confederation. Mr. Martin, by virtue of the fact that he has taken the oath, is entitled to not only administer the affairs of the department, which he has been doing for several days, but to take his seat in the house. Mr. Martin stated this afternoon that he would be here most of the time, but would make frequent trips to his home in North Yale.

—John Niblock assaulted a Chinese vegetable peddler on Humboldt street at noon to-day. Dr. James D. Helmcken, who saw the assault, followed Niblock and had him arrested by Constable Palmer. The case will be heard in the morning.

—The agricultural association of North and South Saanich has decided to hold a ploughing match on the farm of Mr. Thompson, South Saanich, on the cross road between the Prairie tavern and Mount Newton, on Saturday, November 17. An entrance fee will be charged. A list of prizes will be published at a later date.

—James Needham, a well known commercial traveller, has been summoned for a breach of the revenue by-law, for selling goods without a license. He was about to leave last night when served, and the slumbers of the magistrate were disturbed at 4 o'clock this morning in order that he might be released. The case will be heard in the morning.

—The postal authorities have still been unable to secure carriers, and while three letter delivery windows have been opened at the post office, the people who are suffering are daily becoming more incensed at the department. No reply to the demand of the people expressed at the public meeting has been received as yet, except a telegram to the mayor saying that the acting premier, Bowell, is absent from Ottawa. The post office is constantly filled with a throng of people, and they are served very slowly by the green clerks. There are men who want work badly enough, but they will not work for $20.10 per month.

Seal Teeth!

Jewellery of all kinds in fine gold and beautifully finished is what Peacock & Lowe, the Jewellers, are making a specialty of just now. 63 Government St., next Spencer's Arcade.

EXCITEMENT AT KASLO.

Boom in Placer Mining on Kaslo Creek.

Kaslo, B. C., Nov. 8.—A placer mining excitement has broken out at this place. Chinamen who have been taking gold from the bed of Kaslo creek exchanged some of it at a store for goods. The nuggets attracted attention by their size, some of them being as large as a silver dime. Yesterday three white men staked claims, and to-day a hundred prospectors line the creek and many have made locations. From 50 to 100 colors are found in a pan.

NEW WESTMINSTER ASSIZES.

Gracie Irvine Convicted of Common Assault—The Lobb Trial.

New Westminster, Nov. 8.—The trial of Gracie Irvine, charged with the attempted murder of Fred G. Turner, was concluded shortly before six last night, when the jury found a verdict of common assault. The sympathy of the general public for the unfortunate woman evidently extended to the jury and the verdict gives almost universal satisfaction.

The trial of Sidney Lobb for the murder of his wife at Nanaimo last June, began this morning. A. Lenny, for the crown, and E. P. Davis, Q. C., instructed by Mr. Lobb, brother of the accused, for the prisoner. Lobb looks very careworn and is ghastly pale, but bears up well. The evidence of Mr. and Mrs. Gowland, who were the last to see Mrs. Lobb alive, was first taken. Lobb and his wife apeared to live happily together, and Mrs. Lobb seems to have been of a very bright, sunny disposition. On the fatal day, Lobb had been drinking and during the afternoon spoke irritably to his wife in the presence of Mrs. Gowland. About 8 in the evening Mr. Gowland received a note from Mrs. Lobb asking him to call at their house but what she wanted Gowland never discovered, as Lobb was there when he arrived and remained until Gowland took his leave. Mrs. Lobb seemed troubled and anxious. Half an hour later Mrs. Lobb was dead and a neighbor, Lister, met Lobb on the street with an overcoat and boots on but no trousers. Going to Lobb's house he found Mrs. Lobb sitting in a chair dead. On meeting Lister Lobb cried: "Jim, my wife's shot herself," and a moment later Lobb muttered; "Drink, drink, that cursed drink."

EAST LILLOOET ELECTION CASE.

But Little Done and the Case Adjourned Until To-morrow.

The East Lillooet election petition was before the supreme court this morning, Mr. Justice Crease presiding. Mr. Bodwell appeared for the petitioner, David A. Stoddart, and Mr. L. G. McPhillips, Q. C., and Mr. Archer Martin for the respondent, James D. Prentice, the member elect. The petition alleged bribery by agents, treating, undue influence and employment for reward, as well as improper reception of votes, and prayed a scrutiny, claiming the seat for the petitioner. These allegations were met by counter charges on the part of the respondent. The trial was fixed for to-day, but on the case being called Mr. Bodwell applied for an adjournment owing to the absence of witnesses and asked for a week later. Mr. McPhillips read an affidavit from the respondent and asked that the adjournment should be for a month and that the trial should take place at Clinton instead of at Victoria. To this the petitioner objected and asked for time to file affidavits in reply. The case was consequently adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

...THE...

Manchester House!

88 YATES STREET

SPECIAL LINES REDUCED FOR THIS MONTH.

Twenty doz. pairs Kid Gloves, usual price $1.00 and $1.25, reduced to 65 cents.
Berlin, Shetland and Andelusian Wools, 5 cents per ounce to clear.
Thirty doz. Ladies' Black Cashmere Hosiery, 25 cents per pair.
White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs 5 cents each.
White Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 12½ cents each.

DRESS GOODS.

Tweed Dress Goods, 56 inches wide, reduced to 50 cents per yard.
Melton Cloth 54 " " 75 " "
Diagonal Serge 52 " " 85 " "
Hop Sacking, Navy, Brown, Fawn " 65 " "

MANTLE DEPT.

Our Jackets and Mantles are all German Manufacture, therefore We can warrant a Good Fitting Garment. Jackets from $3.00. Ladies' Capes with Beaver Trimmings, $6.00. Children's Ulsters from $2.50.

MILLINERY.

A choice line of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Special styles in English Walking Hats and Sailors.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. - T. HAUGHTON & Co.

Our Special Effort

This week is to increase the purchasing power of your dollar with the greatest values in Hats ever offered.

Hats formerly $2.50, all Sizes and Styles, now

$1.50!

W. J. JEFFREE,

The Golden Rule Clothing Store, Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

COAL & WOOD---REMOVAL.

W. WALKER

Has opened an office for the Sale of Coal and Wood in No. 15 Market Bl'd'g. End of Broad St. Orders filled with our usual promptitude. TERMS CASH.

Telephone No. 466.

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

Principal, MISS M. B. SHARP. 288 Yates St., opp. High School.

Instruction in all branches of Vocal and Instrumental Music (including Guitar and Mandolin); Theory, Musical History and Analysis, Instrumentation, Elocution, and Foreign Languages.

Classes in Theory, Musical History and Analysis, Hand Culture, Ensemble Playing. Recitals and Concerts are free to pupils of Conservatory.

Mr. Trevelyan Sharp (late of London, England), is in charge of the Violin and Orchestral department. Mr. Sharp has had thorough training and practical experience in preparing Principals, Chorus and Orchestra in Opera, Oratorio, etc., and is open to engagements from Operatic and Choral Societies requiring a Musical Director. Prospectus on application.

THE KING OF INNISHKEA.

He Dwells on an Irish Island and Rules a Mayo Tribe.

About sixteen miles from Dugort, in Arellill Island, out to sea, looking like a thin line of sand in the waves of the Atlantic, is the island of Innishkea. One fine morning a party started to visit it in a trusty hooker. As the hooker came in sight of the shore great excitement was visible among the islanders, and it was very hard to realize that we were still but thirty-six hours' journey from London. The inhabitants turned out en masse, the women and children in their scanty garments of red flannel crouched outside their cabins, while numbers of men ran down to the beach and put out in their coracles on chance of rowing us to land. It was a strange scene and curiously like a picture plate in a boy's book of adventures.

We knew there was a "king" of Innishkea; and soon a tall, bronze faced man was pointed out to us as his majesty. On landing all the party were introduced and conducted by him to the palace, where the queen dowager with her daughter bade us welcome in true Irish fashion. The old lady was in her picturesque native costume—red dress, and plaid shawl over her head; the princess, however, had evidently on first sight of the hooker arrayed herself in modern fashion to do us honor; and we were amused on penetrating into the reception room to find advertisements from shops in Buckingham palace road and St. Paul's churchyard hung up to embellish the wall, though only by a favored few could they be read. The island was destitute of any school or means of instruction for the children, a very small proportion either understood or spoke English, and there was neither watch nor clock among the people, who had a happy-go-lucky idea of time and troubled themselves little as to Greenwich regulations. There were no church bells to ring, no trains to catch, no office hours requiring punctuality; so when the sun was high in the heavens they would get through their not very arduous farming duties, and when he sank in the great waste of waters they could sleep. The king's word settled all disputes; it was a hereditary monarchy, and his people, as far as he was concerned, were untaxed. Happily those states, thought some of the visitors, where royalty could be maintained with so little cost and sovereigns content with so little grandeur. However, I am in honesty bound to add that we found King Philip had other means of filling his coffers besides levying taxes on his faithful subjects, and had learned the art of making good his opportunity whenever the Saxon stranger landed on his shore.

But, Innishkea has an interest altogether apart from its situation, surrounded as it is by lovely views of mountain cliff and rocky headland. On this spot, hundreds of years ago, early Christian missionaries landed, and on the top of a shelly mound, half a mile from the beach, are Christian remains of great antiquity. West of the island there stands also the ruins of a church said to have been built by the successors of St. Columba.—Leisure Hour.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

HEIRS TO MILLIONS

Residents of the Pacific Coast Fall Heirs to an Immense Fortune.

James M. Morrison, a Victoria Stevedore, is One of the Heirs.

Several weeks ago the Times published the fact that Mr. James M. Morrison of this city, was one of the heirs to a large fortune left by an uncle in South Africa. The San Francisco Examiner has the following from Portland in regard to the case:

If facts bear out allegations, then several persons in Portland, Oakland and San Francisco are heirs to a South African estate of vast value. The estate in question is that of William McKay, who is known to have died possessed of great wealth, his own appraisement being $15,000,000.

William McKay was a Scotchman of an adventurous turn of mind, who lived at the Kimberley diamond minds, and who, in dying, bequeathed his fortune to his brothers and sisters, eight in number, whose progeny are scattered almost to the four corners of the earth. They are well represented in the west, and particularly in Portland.

Mrs. G. Shindler, wife of the resident Swiss consul, is probably the best known one here. She is a niece of the dead millionaire and a direct heir. Her sister, Miss Georgie Morrison, of Oakland, Cal., now visiting in this city, is another grand niece of the deceased. Another heir is Miss Sophie H. Campbell, employed as stenographer in the office of the Andrews Fruit Company, and she has a sister, Miss Annie L. Campbell, stenographer at Colfax, Wash., and a brother, Robert M. Campbell, assayer, who makes his home in Idaho. Another niece is Mrs. C. J. Smith, an Oregon pioneer, who now resides in Ilwaco. The Steen family of Idaho are also in the line of direct heirs, as also is Miss Lena Hurgren of this city. Besides these, Mrs. D. B. Galloway and John G. Morrison of San Francisco and Captain Daniel Morrison and James M. Morrison of Oakland are named as heirs. Of the eight direct legatees of the estate but two are now alive, and both are aged people.

Neil Morrison, a nephew of the deceased, residing at St. John's, N. B., is looking after the interests of the heirs in this country. It was he who first received word of the African millionaire's death. It is said that the will was first brought to Scotland by John Collins, one of the witnesses to the document, who was searching for Daniel McKay, a brother of deceased, who had been named as its executor. But Daniel McKay had been dead several years, and upon learning that fact Collins placed the matter in the hands of his solicitor and came to this country. He is now somewhere in Colorado, but just where the heirs here are not able to ascertain.

This is the second great windfall that has come to the McKay family within a century, or the two may be one and the same, for it was while in search of the first that William McKay faded out of existence so far as his family was concerned. It is a strangely romantic story.

Nearly one hundred years ago, so the tale runs, an uncle of the dead millionaire was sent to India on military duty. While there he and some fellow officers discovered a vast treasure which they were unable to remove because of the troubled state of the country. Coming home to England a few years later the uncle died, but not until he had entrusted the secret of his valuable find to his nephews. The elder brother first started on the hunt for the treasure. After he had been gone four years and nothing had been heard from him his friends gave him up for lost.

Then his younger brother, William, whose love of adventure was marked in his youth, made up his mind to go in search of the missing man and incidentally the treasure. His friends attempted to dissuade him, but it was of no use. The young man started for India, and, like his brother, was swallowed up in the wilds of that semi-barbarous country. That was almost half a century ago, but no word ever came from the absent one.

Few of the family of the present generation ever even knew of the existence of William McKay in the past or present. It was not until word of his death reached here that the almost legendary tale was revived by some of the older ones, and even the story is now indistinct. When the news of the great windfall first reached this city those interested were at first inclined to doubt its authenticity, and the matter was kept quiet. The fact that the will named for executor of the estate a man who has been dead for several years, had in it a grain of suspicion. But recent developments go to prove that there was a William McKay, resident at Kimberly, and that he was prominent and wealthy. Not having communicated with his family for many years it was natural that he did not know of the death of his elder brother.

Recently H. S. Wood, a wealthy colored resident of Kimberly, was in San Francisco, and while there was interviewed by the Examiner. Some of the heirs here saw the interview and wrote to Mr. Wood asking him if he knew William McKay. He replied by the following mail, on the eve of his departure for home, that he knew him to be a prominent citizen of Kimberly, who was reputed to be wealthy, that was all. He did not say whether the Kimberly millionaire was dead or alive, nor did he volunteer any other information that would throw light upon the question.

There is now but little doubt that such a man existed and had accumulated a considerable fortune. Now the heirs want to know when and how he died. It may have been years ago, and if it was what has become of the estate? If it was honestly managed it may have increased greatly in value; if not, there may be nothing left. Nothing definite may be known for some weeks yet. The heirs here and elsewhere in the United States have placed themselves in communication with Neil Morrison, the St. John's heir, who has written to the South African authorities, and also to his uncle's solicitors asking them to verify the above story.

The story of the bequest, as given above, was related by Miss Sophie H. Campbell to a reporter this afternoon. Miss Campbell is an estimable young lady. She told the story reluctantly, because she is not yet thoroughly convinced that it is not a myth. Miss Campbell is in possession of a copy of the will which she had but recently received from the son of the executor now residing in Scotland. It is drawn up in business-like form and from its wording would indicate that the maker, anticipating death, had settled up the estate that the executor might have as little to do as possible.

There are now living eleven direct heirs, each of whom is to receive an equal share of the estate. Evidently the aged millionaire had not forgotten his old home, for he set aside $1,000,000 for the poor of his parish in England. A person whom he designated as "Old Andrew" is provided for by a legacy of $250,000, and $500,000 is bequeathed to a niece, now residing in Ohio. The executor is reimbursed for his services by a legacy of $1,000,000, and $50,000 is set aside to pay attorneys' fees. After everything is paid there will be enough left to make the legatees millionaires—that is if the estate is worth $15,000,000 as claimed.

AMONG THE MINERS.

Paying for Claims—Hydraulic Success—New Denver Sleigh Road.

Nelson Tribune.

The men who subscribed money to build a variety theatre at New Denver very wisely concluded to give up the theatre enterprise and turn the money into the sleigh road fund. Roads, not variety theatres, build permanent towns.

In Trail creek district 45 men are at work on the Le Roi mine, 14 on the War Eagle, 4 on the Cliff, 6 on the I X L, 4 on the Gold Hill, 8 on the O K and 2 on the Monte Cristo. In all about one hundred men are working for wages in the camp.

Alexander McKenzie, of Bismarck, Dakota, who at one time had the distinction of being the boss of the Republican party in his state, and who held several offices of trust in the county of which Bismarck is the county seat, was in the Slocan country last week helping some of the boys out in his usual off-hand, liberal way. The boys he helped out were Michael Grady, Charles Laatz and James Briggs, who were handed over several thousand dollars on the Alpha mine sale, and who are to be handed over several thousand more next month. Mr. McKenzie has so far paid the boys $53,500, and still owes them $15,500; but he stands to win a million, for the Alpha is likely to be one of the big mines in the Slocan country.

On Monday last J. F. Ritchie and R. B. Duggan, of the Nelson Hydraulic company, put in four 12 foot boxes, a foot wide, and did a little old fashioned placer mining. The result of their day's shovelling was a cleanup of $42 in as nice gold as was ever washed from gravel, the largest piece being worth $2.70. The gold is flat and smooth, an indication that it has travelled some distance. The boys are somewhat jubilant, and stock of the Nelson hydraulic now acts much the same as did stock of the Horse Fly and Cariboo companies when the result of their cleanups was made known in Vancouver—it begins to have an upward tendency and holds its head real high.

Captain Troup, manager of the C. & K. S. N. Co., was at Three Forks on Sunday last when the rails on the Nakusp & Slocan railway reached that place. There was no great demonstration over the event; in fact, no more than there is when the Kaslo stage arrives. It was expected that Slocan Star ore would begin moving on Thursday and that the machinery of the Alamo concentrator would be at Nakusp yesterday.

Nelson Miner

Mr. E. H. Fletcher, post office inspector, is paying New Denver a visit, and has made arrangements whereby the mail from Nakusp will in future be carried by the railway company.

The steamer Lytton has been fitted with a powerful search light.

Forty-two dollars for a few hours' work is not bad pay for two men, one old and the other a novice. And yet this is what J. H. Ritchie and John Duggan got out of a bank at Forty-nine creek one day this week.

The sleigh road between New Denver and Three Forks is now an assured fact. Almost sufficient money has already been secured to carry on the work as far as the concentrator, from which point other interested parties will carry it on to Three Forks.

When Others Fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system by giving vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most wonderful record of actual cures of any medicine in existence. Take only Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A BELGIAN MANDARIN.

The Romantic Career of a Chinese Customs Official.

While the young Americn bicyclists, Messrs. Allen and Sachtleben, were crossing the desert of Gobi they heard much of a mysterious and powerful official called the Ling Darin, according to the September number of the Century. No one could tell who or what he was. Finally, as they emerged from the desert, starved, ill and ragged, they were met by a richly dressed mandarin. He greeted them cordially in clear but broken English, and, mounted on waiting horses, they were attended into the city of Su-chou. Their story of what happened is as follows: It was some time before the idea flashed across our minds that this might be the mysterious Ling Darin about whom we had heard so much.

"Yes," said he, "that is what I am called here, but my real name is Splingard." He then went on to tell us that he was a Belgian by birth; that he had travelled extensively through China as the companion of Baron Richthofen, and had thus become so thoroughly acquainted with the country and its people that on his return to the coast he had been offered by the Chinese government the position of customs mandarin at Su-chou, a position just then established for the levying of duty on the Russian goods passing in through the northwest provinces; that he had adopted the Chinese dress and mode of living and had even married, many years ago, a Chinese girl educated at the Catholic schools in Tientsin. We were so absorbed in this remarkable history that we had scarcely noticed the crowds that lined the streets leading to Lind Darin's palace, until the boom of a cannon recalled us to our situation. From the smile on the jolly face beside us we knew at once whom we could hold responsible for this reception. The palace gates were now thrown open by a host of servants, and in our rags and tatters we rolled at once from the hardships of the inhospitable desert into the lap of luxury. A surplus is not always so easily disposed of as a deficit—at least we were inclined to think so in the case of our Su-chou diet. The Ling Darin's table, which, for the exceptional occasion, was set in the foreign fashion with knives and forks, fairly teemed with abundance and variety. There was even butter, made from the milk of the Tibetan yak, and condensed milk for our coffee, the first we had tasted since leaving Turkey. More than a year before, the Ling Darin informed us that a can of this milk, which he once presented to Chinese friends, had been mistaken for a face cosmetic, and was so used by the ladies of the family. The Ling Darin's wife we found an excellent and even artistic cook, while his buxom twin daughters could read and write their own language—a rare accomplishment for a Chinese woman. As guests of our highly respected and even venerated host, we were visited by nearly all the magistrates of the city. The Ling Darin was never before compelled to answer so many questions. In self-defence he was at last forced to get up a stereotyped speech to deliver on each social occasion. The people, too, besieged the palace gates and clamored for an exhibition. Although our own clothes had been sent away to be boiled, we could not plead this as an excuse. The flowing Chinese garments which had been provided from the private wardrobe of the Ling Darin fluttered wildly in the breeze, as we rode out through the city at the appointed hour. Our Chinese shoes, also, were constantly slipping off, and as we raised the foot to readjust them, a shout went up from the crowd for what they thought was some fancy touch in the way of riding.

TRANSPORTATION.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED			Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots			S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1147
8 30 pm	Lv	MI	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma..	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

STALE ADS ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,
Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria .... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdes Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible]

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

SAVE MONEY AND TIME!

WHEN GOING EAST

By purchasing your tickets via the Canadian Pacific Route. Through Daily Sleepers. Elegant Upholstered Tourist Cars in charge of competent porters running through without change to

BOSTON, MONTREAL,
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL
TORONTO and WINNIPEG.

ROYAL : MAIL : STEAMSHIP : LINE

—TO—

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Short Route to the Orient.

SAILINGS AS FOLLOWS:

Empress of Japan .... Nov. 12
Empress of China .... Dec. 10
Empress of India .... Jan. 7
Empress of Japan .... Feb. 4

For rates, pamphlets and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B. C.

Or to GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Parisian .... Nov. 10
Allan Line, Mongolian .... Nov. 17
Dominion Line, Oregon .... Nov. 10
Dominion Line, Labrador .... Nov. 29
Beaver Line, Lake Superior .... Nov. 14
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg .... Nov. 21

From New York.

Cunard Line, Etruria .... Nov. 10
Cunard Line, Campania .... Nov. 17
White Star Line, Adriatic .... Nov. 14
White Star Line, Teutonic .... Nov. 21
American Line, Berlin .... Nov. 14
American Line, New York .... Nov. 21
North Ger. Lloyd, Ems .... Nov. 17
North Ger. Lloyd, Aller .... Nov. 20
Anchor Line, Circassia .... Nov. 10
Anchor Line, City of Rome .... Nov. 17
Red Star Line, Waesland .... Nov. 14
Red Star Line, Friesland .... Nov. 21
Allan State Line, Nebraska .... Nov. 22
Allan State Line, California .... Dec. 6

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P M.

Walla Walla - - Nov. 9

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 21

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturday.
VICTORIA	Ar. 12:30 P M	Ar. 5:30 P M	De. 8:00 A M	De. 2:30 P M
RUSSELL'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SUMMIT SIDING	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
KOKSILAH	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SOMENOS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
OYSTER BAY SIDING	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
NANAIMO	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WELLINGTON	De. [illegible]	De. 1:30	Ar. [illegible] P M	Ar. 6:00

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncan's or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. D. STEEVENS, General Agent, No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt., St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, November 24th, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda—Thursday, November 15, at 8 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria.

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 5, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:30 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

Cheap School Suits

100 Boys' two-price SAMPLE SUITS at $1.50 per suit. Sizes from 22 to 26. These Goods are MARKED DOWN to clear. See them.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street, Victoria

THE VISIT TO DUNCANS.

Lord and Countess Aberdeen Spend Yesterday Afternoon in Cowichan District.

Evening Party at the Drill Hall Last Evening Proves a Grand Success.

The perfect arrangements made by the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway company for the vice-regal party's visit to Duncan's Station yesterday, were responsible for much of the enjoyment of the trip. A special train, consisting of smoker, first-class coach, private car, Maude and dining car was placed at the party's disposal by the railway company. Both the interior and exterior of the cars were prettily decorated, the employees having spent much time in preparing for their distinguished passengers. Besides the vice-regal party there were on the train the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney, Miss Wilson, Hon. J. H. Turner, Mrs. Davie, Mr. and Mrs. James Dunsmuir, Mr. and Mrs. H. Croft, Miss Dunsmuir, and Mr. Vowell, superintendent of Indian affairs.

The train left Victoria shortly after noon, lunch being served on the way up the line, the train running slow, to allow the members of the party to see and enjoy the scenery, with which they were well pleased. Duncan's Station and the buildings in the vicinity were gorgeously decorated, and all the inhabitants, including several hundred Indians, were present to welcome the visitors. The Kuper Island Indian band played lively airs. Mr. W. H. Lomas, Indian agent, on behalf of the Indians, presented His excellency with an address. The Governor-General replied, as follows:

Your Honor and Gentlemen:

Most heartily do I thank you for this loyal and hearty demonstration. We have looked forward with pleasure to this visit. I think it a great advantage also to have the opportunity of meeting you. We are pleased with your assurance of loyalty. I am glad to learn that you are setting a good example in the way of cultivating the land and following other kinds of industry. You and we the white people are fellow-citizens and fellow subjects—fellow subjects of the illustrious Queen. The Queen is the emblem and representative of our constitutional rights and liberties. We are all settlers in this land, but the Indians certainly are older settlers than we, and therefore it is quite right that their address should come first. I hope we shall all be able to join in increasing the prosperity of this country, and lastly we shall always value this interesting address as a pleasant token of a very interesting occasion, and when I write to Her Majesty the Queen I shall mention this event, because I know it will interest Her Majesty. Lady Aberdeen is taking some photographs and if they are successful we shall send some to Her Majesty. One word about the school. We are very pleased to hear that the industrial school is thriving and that it is sure to do much good. Now, on behalf of Lady Aberdeen and myself, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mrs. Dewdney, and the assembled company, we offer our hearty good wishes. His excellency concluded by thanking the band for the manner in which it had rendered the national anthem.

A pupil of the Kuper Island Indian school also read an address to which the Governor-General replied:

This, like the other address which we have received, is a graceful and cordial expression, brief and to the point. We thank you very heartily for it. It is all the more agreeable and welcome to us because it bears signs of being the spontaneous and actual production of the pupils, or of one representing the pupils of this excellent school. I notice also with satisfaction your reference to the efforts of the government to act justly and considerately toward the Indians, especially in relation to the establishment of the Industrial school. You may be very sure that it is the permanent attitude and disposition of the authorities in this country to do their part not only in acting fairly and justly, but more—to endeavor to secure opportunities for enabling the Indians and others to improve their position and to develop the resources of the country as well as its progress in the best sense—namely, the economical, moral and religious welfare of the whole population. I again thank you and beg that you will convey to your fellow pupils our best thanks for this action on their part. I will conclude with cordial good wishes for the success of the institution.

On the conclusion of his excellency's remarks the visitors were escorted to the agricultural hall, which had been handsomely decorated, and where a lot of farm produce was on exhibition. The party were escorted to the platform by Mr. Horace Davie, agent, and Major Mutter, and the following address was read:

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir John Campbell Hamilton Gordon; Viscount Formartine; Lord Haddo, Methlic, Travis and Kellie; Viscount Gordon of Aberdeen; Baronet of Nova Scotia; Earl of Aberdeen, P.C. LL.D., Etc., Etc., Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada and Vice-Admiral of the same.

May it Please Your Excellency:—

On behalf of the citizens of the District of Cowichan, the Cowichan and Salt Spring Island Agricultural Society, the Odd Fellows' Duncan lodge, No. 17, the Knights of Pythias Maple lodge No 15, the Independent Order of Good Templars, and the Vancouver Island Flockmasters' Association:

We beg to approach Your Excellency on this the occasion of your first visit to our district to tender a most cordial welcome to our Governor-General and to Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen.

We also desire to express our loyalty and warm attachment to Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, and to offer to yourself the respect due to you as Her Majesty's honorable representative.

We hope that Your Excellency's term of office may prove conducive to the continued prosperity of Canada, and be a source of lasting gratification and of pleasant memories to yourself. We shall always appreciate the warm interest which Your Excellency has taken in agricultural affairs in the Dominion, and we hope for the best results from your active sympathy with and valued counsel to the farming community. We regret that Your Excellency's numerous engagements, together with the lateness of the season, prevent a more extended tour of our district and inspection of its varied beauties and resources. Should Your Excellency at some future period again visit this district, we hope that you will be able to travel by an all-rail route, as we think that no distant date will witness the completion of another trans-continental road having Victoria for its terminus, with the Esquimalt & Nanaimo as part of the system.

In conclusion we request that Your Excellency will be pleased to convey to Lady Aberdeen our highest expressions of esteem and regard for her noble efforts in all that pertains to the elevation and advancement of her sex.

The Governor-General replied:

Your Honor, Mr. Reeve, Major Mutter, Ladies and Gentlemen:

Most heartily do I thank you for this address, conveying as it does in most loyal and genial terms a welcome and a greeting which certainly we shall ever remember with peculiar satisfaction. I say peculiar satisfaction in no mere conventional or common place sense. I use the expression not only because of the contents of this address but because this locality and settlement have for long been familiar to us by name and by reputation. You can understand, therefore, that it is with especial interest and pleasure that we find ourselves amongst you. There is another feature among many which makes me value this address particularly, and that is its comprehensive element. It represents quite a number of different societies, but all of course, equally endowed with the character of loyal public spirit as evinced by this demonstration and also by the common characteristic of an interest, a sincere and especial interest in this place and district, and with an evident determination on the part of each and all to omit no effort towards the promotion of its success and prosperity. (Applause.) I have heard among other things about Duncan's and the locality generally, of the excellent farming lands which lie within its borders. Of course the time since operations were commenced here has not as yet been so very long—at any rate not to allow more than what we might call a beginning, to be made, though a most encouraging and satisfactory beginning. I speak of this comparatively early period in your history mostly for the sake of alluding to the future development which may be expected. I understand, and I hear it with great pleasure, that there is a prospect of a creamery being established in these parts. (Applause.) From what I have heard already of creameries within the borders of the Dominion, I am led to look with great hope and confidence on that form of enterprise. I have no doubt that many people will tell you that many creameries in the United States are closed because of their want of success. Well, if that is the case, I think you will find that it has been because of want of management or from the land being unsuitable and not from any inherent weakness in the system. I speak of the failures in the United States because I have not as yet heard much in that direction as regards creameries in the various provinces of the Dominion. (Applause.) I speak in the presence of the Minister of Agriculture of British Columbia and therefore I must be careful of what I say. I have no doubt he will not correct me publicly but rather in private if I make mistakes. I have no doubt that dairy farming should be cultivated in such a locality as this. I am told that there is no question about the good prices to be obtained for the best quality of fresh butter in Victoria—prices which made me rather envious, or at least ambitious, as a fellow farmer. There is, I may tell you, a prospect of Professor Robertson, the dairy commissioner coming to British Columbia next spring, and I would strongly advise you either to secure a visit from him or to get him to come to some place as near you as possible, because he has most excellent and valuable suggestions to offer in regard to such an enterprise. In fact I do not know any man better qualified to act in that direction. (Applause.) I suppose the farmers of this district will be inclined to say that if they can furnish good fresh butter to Victoria or any other commodity they will expect good, fresh money, or in other words, prompt payment. (Laughter.) I must not allow myself to be led by the suggestive topics of this address to enter upon any lengthy remarks. I just wish to mention that the chief reason why the name of Duncan's is already so familiar to us is because we claim personal friends in this locality since the parents of Miss Teresa Wilson a valued friend of ours who assists Lady Aberdeen as her secretary, are settled there and we have thus been kept informed of what is going on here. (Applause.) I hope that some part of our time may be spent in visiting them and also in seeing the surroundings of this place. The day is not brilliant, but the weather has been fine enough to enable us to be very much impressed by the beauties of the scenery that we have passed through, and secondly by the appearance of comfort and enterprise around us, as well as by the decorations which have been displayed to welcome us on this occasion. I cannot close without offering some word of hearty thanks on Lady Aberdeen's behalf and also on my own for the genial references to her contained in your address. Such utterances are gratifying, and should be an encouragement to endeavor to forward the best interests in the fullest sense of the word of this country, which we are all becoming more attached to and proud of. (Applause.)

I should like, if I am not occupying too much time, to add a word or two more; first, with reference to the exhibit and display of the products of this place. I claim to be something of a farmer, and if I am unable, owing to other duties to live on my farm I at least know enough of farming to be aware how difficult it is to make a farm pay. (Laughter.) However excellent may be the natural capabilities of the land, there is no doubt of this, that great care and good management are requisite, persistently requisite, if you are to make land satisfactory in all respects. It is very pleasant to see such specimens as these, but the first thing which occurs to me is, at what rate could I produce that and at what rate could I sell it. You see I am becoming quite commercial. I would also thank the donor of these flowers so kindly presented by a young lady, with whom we may almost claim acquaintance because I knew her grandfather, Admiral Maitland Dougall of Scotland. (Applause.) I am quite aware that in addressing this audience I am probably speaking to many from the Old Country, perhaps even recently from thence. (Applause.) This adds to the interest of the occasion, but I confess it also adds to my sense of responsibility in replying to this address. I notice also the kindly Scottish—nay, Aberdeenshire—quotation behind us. It has a homelike sound. Again I thank you. His Excellency concluded by asking for a holiday for the children attending the schools.

Miss Edith Harriet Maitland-Dougall presented Countess Aberdeen and Lady Marjorie with very handsome boquets.

The Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen took a drive through the district to visit a friend, Mr. Wilson, and upon their return tea was served in the dining car, the party being the guests of Mrs. Croft and the Misses Dunsmuir. Just before the train started for Victoria, Lord Aberdeen addressed those present, again thanking them for their reception, and continuing, said:

"I also wish to record our sense of indebtedness for the courtesy which has been displayed by our friend Mr. Dunsmuir as representing the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway. Of course I quite understand that this action and this hospitality is offered to us in our official capacity—it is a mark of loyalty and public spirit, none the less to be valued because it is also pervaded by kindly personal sentiments. The action of Mr. Dunsmuir has in fact been similar to that displayed by that great railway corporation the Canadian Pacific Railway company, who during our present tour on the Mainland have shown their great courtesy in offering us special travelling facilities. I allude to that circumstance with the more pleasure because I hope it will allay any anxious misgivings on the part of any who may imagine that the Governor-General is travelling at the cost of the taxpayers (Laughter.) They will take note of my observations that that is not the case. The Canadian Pacific Railway considered itself justified as a loyal and patriotic matter—as does

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BURKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

MUNICIPAL.

Municipal Elections, 1895.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATION.

All persons wishing to qualify, under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1895, in accordance with clause E of section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the assessor's office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C., November, 1894.

NOTICE.

Fort street, between Douglas and Blanchard is closed to public traffic. By order

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Tuesday, October 23, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc8-tf

NOTICE.

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice,

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

FINAL NOTICE.

Re Estate William H. Paine, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of December, next; and notice is hereby given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria this 5th day of November, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street.

Solicitor for John Graham Cox, the executor.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Bowness, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, bearing date the 5th day of October, A.D. 1894, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of Thomas Bowness, late of the city of Victoria, deceased intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 5th day of November, A.D. 1894, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

oct8-1mo

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th. day of January, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection therete be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B. C., as No. 14,547 B in Charge Book vol. II, fol. 881, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than noon on the 10th of November, 1894, for the purchase of sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 of the easterly 50 acres of section 9, and the easterly 75 acres of section 10 in range 4, Comiaken District in Vancouver Island, containing in all 823 acres more or less.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated October 15th, 1894.

LINDLEY CREASE,
16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C.,
Solicitor for the Mortgagee. o16-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. o31-1m

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the Matter of the Winding Up Act and Amending Acts; and in the Matter of the Point Comfort Hotel Company, Limited.

The time for settling the list of contributories and adjudicating upon the claims of creditors of the company has been enlarged to Friday, 9th November, 1894, at 11 a.m., and the place appointed is Mr. Justice Crease's chambers at the law courts, Victoria.

Dated 2nd November, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Liquidator. nov2-1w

HOTELS, ETC.

NOTICE.

The Hotel Victoria

Now being under the management of Mr. E. Escalet, is being conducted on strictly first-class principles. Everything being in first-class style, especial attention is paid to the cuisine. Every delicacy of the season will be supplied, while the stock of Wines is of the finest French Vintage.

OYSTERS!

—AT THE—

LOUISVILLE OYSTER HOUSE,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE,

Recently Opened. First Class Style. Day & Night

TRANSPORTATION.

My Annual Importation of

DUTCH BULBS

Have arrived from Holland, and are very fine. Also very fine Lawn Grass Seed. This year's crop.

WM. DODDS, Florist and Seedsman
137 Fort Street. oct1m

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

also Mr. Dunsmuir, our host of to-day—in enabling the Governor-General to make more extended expeditions than would have been possible if he had been called upon to fall back entirely upon his own resources. I again thank you, and all I have to say is that if the weather had not been altogether fine the people, if I may use the expression, are. (Laughter and applause.)

THE EVENING PARTY.

Over five hundred ladies and gentlemen attended the evening party at the drill hall last night, there being lots of room for that number to thoroughly enjoy the various dances on the well arranged programme. The gentlemen who had charge of the decorations and those who carried out the directions of the committee, had done their work well, and when the electric light was turned on the scene was a very brilliant one. There was not a bare space on the walls of the hall, flags and evergreens completely hiding the ponderous pillars. All around the hall were comfortable couches, many of them set in "cozy corners," where a rest could be enjoyed between the dances. There were also seats in the gallery, which were occupied all evening by many spectators, who being unable or not willing to dance could enjoy the ball as well as the dancers. At the far end of the hall was a raised dais, with a canopy of flags for the viceregal party, and at the rear was the dining room, which was also profusely decorated, the tables looking both pretty and tempting. A staff of men from the B. C. B. G. A., under Sergeant-Major Mulcahey, acted as ushers and attended to the other wants of those present, so that there was at no time any confusion. Two men also acted as sentries at the dais.

The Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen, accompanied by the Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney, Captain Urquhart, A. D. C., Mr. Erskine, A. D. C., and Miss Wilson, arrived at the hall about ten o'clock, and were met at the door by Lieut.-Commander Garforth and officers of H. M. S. Pheasant, Lieut.-Colonel Rawstorne and officers of the R. M. A., Lieut.-Colonel Peters, D. A. G., and Lieut.-Colonel Prior and the officers of the B. C. B. G. A. Arriving at the dais the officers formed a line on either side and the party passed through to the seats. The Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen stood in front of the platform, and many of those present were presented to them. This concluded, dancing commenced, the set of honor being as follows:

His Excellency and Mrs. Dewdney.

The Lieut.-Governor and the Countess of Aberdeen.

Lieut. Garforth, R. N., and Mrs. Rawstorne.

Colonel Rawstorne and Mrs. Macdonald.

Thomas Earle, M. P., and Mrs. J. H. Turner.

Hon. Theodore Davie and Mrs. Baker.

Mr. Justice Crease and Mrs. Earle.

Senator Macdonald and Mrs. Walkem.

The Scotch Reel which followed the Lancers was danced by the Countess of Aberdeen and Chief Russell and Senator Macdonald and Mrs. Russell.

At midnight supper was announced, and several hundred sat down at the first table with the guests of the evening. It was an hour before all had been served, but during that time extra dances were danced, so that the enjoyment was not allowed to lag.

The music supplied by the B. C. B. G. A. band and the pipers for the Scottish dances was splendid, and added much to the enjoyment of the evening.

An hour was spent this morning at Jubilee Hospital, their excellencies showing much interest in that institution. The party, which consisted of the Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen, Mrs. Dewdney and Mr. Erskine, A. D. C., arrived at the hospital at 11 o'clock. Lieut.-Gov. Dewdney could not be present, being detained on public business. They were met at the main entrance by the president, Joshua Davies; Vice-President, F. B. Pemberton; Directors: Charles Hayward, W. M. Chudley, George Brown, I. Braverman, J. L. Crimp, John Braden, A. Wilson, D. M. Eberts and H. M. Yates, secretary. Mayor Teague and Drs. J. S. Helmcken, Davie, Corson, Holden and Renwick were also present.

The party inspected the wards, their excellencies speaking a few words of encouragement to the patients. It was explained to the Governor-General that the hospital had been erected in commemoration of the Queen's Jubilee, and that it had been opened by the Duke of Connaught and Princess Margaret. The Governor-General signed "Aberdeen. Highly interesting and satisfactory," in the visitors' book. The only criticism was in reference to the operating room, which he thought was not good enough for the institution.

THE CHINESE MISSIONS.

The Governor-General, accompanied by Mr. Erskine, A. D. C., attended a meeting in the Y. M. C. A. hall this afternoon, addressing the Chinese of the various missions and a number of ladies and gentlemen interested in the work of the missions. There were present on the platform: Bishop Perrin, Archdeacon Scriven, Revs. Joseph Hall, Lipscombe, Clay, Cleaver, Murison, and Gardner, Major Dupont and Secretary Carter of the Y. M. C. A. The meeting was of a devotional character. In opening the meeting Bishop Perrin said:

It is not because His Excellency is here in his official capacity as the representative of the Queen that we congratulate ourselves on his presence this morning, but because he has taken and ever will take the deepest interest in all Christian concerns. We have not prepared any address for his excellency this morning. We simply wish from him, if he should see fit to address us, a few words of encouragement in the work of our Christian mission. We are not here to consider for a single moment the very vexed and difficult question of Chinese labor as compared with white. But as these our brothers, and sisters are living in this city, the different churches have tried to impress upon them the truths of the Christian faith—and in no small degree have succeeded. And therefore when your excellency was so kind as to say that you would meet us we did not expect from you any response such as might have been anticipated if we had approached your excellency on any political or economic question. We simply want a few words of encouragement from you in this eminently Christian work. We shall, therefore, sing a few hymns this morning and endeavor to make this a devotional service more than anything else. We know that the interests of the poorest Chinaman will be protected by Her Most Gracious Majesty as much as those of the most exalted subject in the realm. But we realize this morning that our standing orders from Jesus Christ are to preach his Gospel; and it is not to the patronage of Your Excellency—or even to the power and authority of the Queen that we look, but it is in the name of him who is the "King of Kings" that we stand here this morning.

His Excellency said:

I am very much obliged to the Lord Bishop for the words of kind introduction and also of explanation which he offered at the commencement of this meeting. I confess that when I read in the morning newspapers to-day the announcement which had been sent to them apparently with reference to the gathering here I felt that it would probably be expedient that some such explanation as that which was so appropriately made by the bishop should be forthcoming lest any one should misunderstand the nature and purpose of this gathering. It arose in this way: A few days ago I had a very courteous request from a reverend gentleman who is superintending one of the missions which have been organized with reference to the Chinese who live in this city or district. The request was that I should receive an address from that particular society. My reply was that of course I was always most ready to receive any such expression from any body or society engaged in working for the welfare of any portion of the community (hear, hear), but I thought it would be still more appropriate if all the missions of the same kind could unite in some combined expression of that sort if any were to be arranged. You will easily understand that in any case it is the duty of the Governor-General to be free from anything like personal predilection, bias or preference, in so far as his official capacity is concerned, and apart from that capacity I confess I am very desirous to do whatever I can to promote harmonious, sympathetic and comprehensive action, especially in regard to religious and philanthropic work. Therefore I stated that I would be pleased to receive any address or expression with reference to this matter if all the various denominations or churches working in this field should unite or combine. This morning I learnt that this meeting was to take place, and it is quite evident that it is owing very largely to the action of the bishop—who is always ready to display a sympathetic spirit of the sort which I have tried to describe—that this united attitude has been attained. At least I trust that this is the case, for that is the footing on which I am here to-day.

With regard to the actual meeting, the bishop has explained the nature of the gathering so fully that I need not dwell on that topic. I shall only repeat my concurrence in what he has said that my presence here does not imply that we are taking any part in anything pertaining to political or economical questions, however important they may be. On the other hand, every one will feel, no doubt, that all members of a community, without reference to race or creed, have a claim upon all who desire to promote the general welfare, and therefore it would be a strange and not happy omission if the churches displayed an indifference to what I may describe as the spiritual interests of that particular section of the community who are represented here in such numbers to-day. For my part, I offer hearty good wishes for the success of this religious work, totally unconnected as it is obviously with any such political question as that to which I have alluded. Now I should think that any one who has got hold of even the outer fringe—of the very elements of Christianity—could hardly take any other view. If there are persons who think that certain classes who come amongst us are to be treated merely as aliens, that is another question—but as regards the Christian religion no body of Christians could consistently look upon the matter in any other way than that which I have described. I think our Chinese friends will recognize this action to-day as one indicating the sentiments to which I have alluded, and if so I have no doubt that they will not regret having come here to-day, and I also hope that this service may be of advantage and benefit to us all in the truest sense of the word. This is a busy time of day, and therefore we must not expect the proceedings to be prolonged. We meet, appropriately enough, in the Y. M. C. A.—an organization which has as one of its principles a comprehensive attitude and a readiness to place at the disposal of all concerned in Christian work such facilities as it may possess. The hour of midday is often regarded in such associations as an hour for devotional exercise such as that which we are engaged in to-day. Therefore I will not prolong my remarks, but will simply express my hearty good wishes for all earnest, judicious, well considered efforts of this kind on the part of the Christian community.

Prayer was offered by Rev. W. L. Clay, followed by the singing of the hymn "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name." The Chinese sang in their own language the hymn "Blest Be the Tie That Binds." His Excellency then made a few remarks to the Chinese, which were interpreted by Rev. Mr. Gardner. One of the girls from the Methodist Chinese home presented the Governor-General with two baskets made of flowers, so worked as to represent Chinese flowers.

INSPECT THE R. M. A.

This afternoon the Royal Marine Artillery marched to Government House, where they paraded and were inspected by His Excellency. This evening at 7:30 the Governor-General will inspect the boys' brigade of the Y. M. C. A., following which will be the meeting at the Victoria Theatre, which is to be addressed by Countess Aberdeen. In the morning the party leave for Nanaimo.

NOTES OF THE VISIT.

The following ladies and gentlemen were invited to dinner at Government House last evening to meet the Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen: The Hon. Senator McInnes and Mrs. McInnes, Hon. Mr. Justice Drake and Mrs. Drake, Mr. F. S. Barnard and Mrs. Barnard, Lieut.-Colonel E. G. Prior, the Hon. Theodore Davie and Mrs. Davie, the Hon. J. H. Turner and Mrs. Turner, the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. O'Reilly, Miss O'Reilly, Mrs. Davies, Miss Wilson, Captain Urquhart, A. D. C., Mr. David Erskine, A. D. C.

Hon. Col. Baker has ordered the addresses delivered by the Governor-General and Countess Aberdeen to the school children printed for distribution among the schools.

THE TIDE CHANGED.

Germans Defeat Natives and Are Defeated in Turn.

Berlin, Nov. 8.—Advices from South Africa say two thousand natives of the Mawnojitribe recently attacked Kilwakiwindje and were defeated by the German troops. The natives, being reinforced, subsequently attacked and recaptured the town. It is stated that the Germans have not force enough to again take the place.

Canadian News.

Ottawa, Nov. 8.—The Dominion Millers' Association arranged to meet Messrs. Bowell and Wood here this afternoon so as to oppose the mixing of No. 1 hard wheat and No. 2 hard wheat at the elevators at Port Arthur. They also oppose the procuring of wheat to remove dust.

—Catarrh—Use Nasal Balm. Quick, positive cure. Soothing, cleansing, healing.

PERSONAL.

W. Adams, M.P.P., is down for the session.

Mayor Quennell and John Pawson, of Nanaimo, are at the New England.

J. H. Harrison, who has been seriously ill for some days, is slightly better to-day.

L. G. McPhillips, J. A. Russell and A. W. Blake, Vancouver lawyers, are at the Driard.

Wm. G. Nellson, manager of the Columbia River Lumber Co., Beaver, B.C., is stopping at the Driard.

Thomas L. Graham, district passenger agent at Tacoma for the Southern Pacific, was in the city yesterday.

F. S. Evans, of Windsor, Ont., manager of the Rogers Typograph Co., is in town. He returns to Vancouver in the morning.

Mrs. Campbell and Miss Campbell left for the east this morning over the Northern Pacific, the former to visit in Belleville, Ont., and the latter in St. Paul. Rev. Dr. Campbell will accompany them as far as Yakima, Washington.

Purify your blood, tone up the system, and regulate the digestive organs by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all Druggists.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—H Watson, Mrs Watson, J Hendy, Mrs M Henderson, V W Mitchell, J T Kennell, Captain Powers, S O'Brien, Thomas Reid, Mrs Napp Frank Brown, Jack Frazier, John O'Riley.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—J Gardner, Wong Wo, Mrs Easton, Miss Eggert, P G Brackett, W F Sergeant, Miss M Easton, Miss Roland, T A Graham, W J Young, Alex Easton, J Rissothe, C Gordly, M King, P O Rowlands, J King, G E Williams, Miss Heath, Mrs Leslie, Mrs M Sisson, Mrs B Gray, F Murphy, F Reed, C Eistenbert, L Rees, S Fowler, M Shirley, E H Macoy, J Miller, W Hughes, Mrs Connon and daughter, K A Peck, C P Woolery.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—J Black, Miss Cleveland, C Carpenter, A Blackley, Wm Adamson, Miss Ford, W N Lazier, Geo A Keefer, Thos Shotbolt, J Cochrane, A W Black, R Collister, D A Stoddart, W Ettershanks, Duncan Rowan, L G McPhillips, T R Simpson, J A Russell, J Miller, W H Steves, W G Wilson, J Halton, Thos Hogg, Mm Moore.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—D S Curtis & Co, J E & Co, S H E & Co, A H Co, W & B E B Marvin & Co, E G Prior & Co, E Hutcheson, C W E, A & M C Fraser, Carson & Shore.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Order H B Co, Hall Ross & Co, W Blackie, order S L & Co, Lowenberg & Co, Dom Ex Co, Davidson Bros, T B Pearson, H Mansell, R Jamieson, W E Allen, J Ward, Hudson Bay Co, E Wall, care Imp Bk, C Meredith, care Armour Canning Co, J Todd, Langley & Co, Hall & Co, R H McMillan, C Braund, J W Creighton, Wm Wilby, R Maynard, Colonist Pub Co, R McDonald, Martin & R J Piercy, & Co, care Can Bk of Commerce, A D H, J H Baker, D Spencer, Col Ins Co, W E, E B Martin, W C McDonald, Hall & Renout, Speed Bros, J Angus, Johns Bros, J R Greenfield, L Dickinson, Mrs Jorgenson, S Leiser, Vic Fishing & Tgd Co, Weiler, Bros, Lenz & Leiser.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—E G Prior, Langley & Co, Geo McRae, Todd & Son, Pell & Co, J Wilson & Co, S Leiser & Co, O'Brien & Yarwood.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

MARRIED.

ACKERMAN-SINCLAIR—At the Methodist parsonage, James Bay, by the Rev. Mr. Tait, J. W. Ackerman to Elizabeth Margaret Sinclair, both of Victoria.

MORSE-LEE—At the residence of Mr. J. J. Hingley, Victoria, on the 7th instant, by the Rev. W. L. Clay, Mr. Jas. O. Morse to Miss Ida Jane Lee, both of Port Angeles.

DIED.

HOLDON—At South Saanich on the 7th inst., John Holdon, aged 60 years, a native of England.

The funeral will take place on Friday at 1 o'clock from his late residence. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

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The Assignee Sale of SIMPSON'S STOCK
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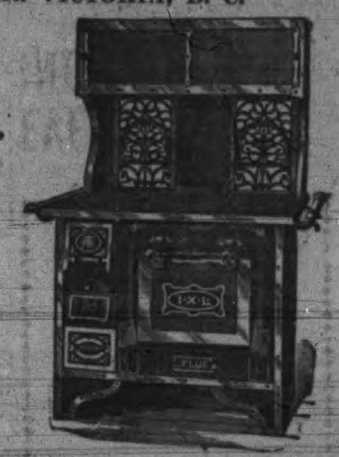

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Household word from bro'd Atlantic,
Unto shores of vast Pacific."

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Is used to make people with no appetite eat heartily. This week we have just got in
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